ioLogik Active Ethernet Modular I/O
User's Manual

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User's Manual

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1

Introduction

The ioLogik Active Ethernet modular I/O family is an advanced, slice-type network I/O with local intelligence that can connect sensors and on/off switches for automation applications over Ethernet and IP-based networks.

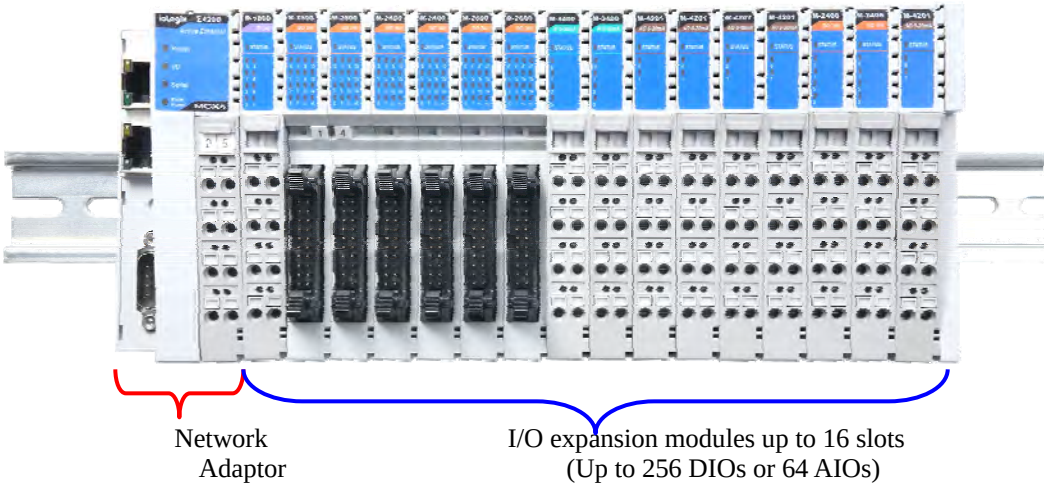
The following topics are covered in this chapter:

- **ioLogik Active Ethernet Modular I/O System Overview**
- **Product Features**
- **Package Checklist**
- **Product Specifications**
  - Physical Dimensions
  - Network Adaptor
  - I/O Module
- **Hardware Reference**
  - Panel Guide
  - LED Indicators for Network Adaptor
  - LED Indicators for I/O Modules

ioLogik Active Ethernet Modular I/O System Overview

The ioLogik Active Ethernet modular I/O family is a slice-type network I/O that can connect sensors and on/off devices in any combination and can transfer the captured data or device status to a host computer via an Ethernet or IP-based network.

The ioLogik Active Ethernet modular I/O is comprised of two main parts: the network adaptor and I/O modules. The network adaptor provides system and field power to connected I/O modules. Up to 16 I/O modules can be connected to one network adaptor.



Traditional Remote I/O

Remote Ethernet modular I/O solutions have been on the market for a long time. Traditional solutions are "passive," in the sense that I/O devices wait passively to be polled by a host computer. The response time in this type of setup, however, tends to be on the order of seconds. The "passive" remote modular I/O structure is simply inadequate for data acquisition and control systems that require an efficient, real-time I/O solution with a response time on the order of hundredths of seconds.

Active Ethernet Modular I/O

Moxa's Active Ethernet modular I/O was developed specifically to address the limitations of the traditional passive approach. Rather than having the host computer poll the I/O device over the network for the status of each I/O device, the Active Ethernet modular I/O intelligently sends the host computer status information only under specified events. Using the push technology, ioLogik I/O greatly reduces the load on CPU and network resources. Network packets are far fewer in number and far smaller in size, since I/O information is only sent when it is necessary, and only information from the specified I/O device is sent.

Moxa's active I/O messaging system uses TCP or UDP for I/O messaging and supports sending messages to up to ten host computers simultaneously. In addition to providing intelligent status reporting, Active Ethernet I/O devices are backwards compatible, with all of the functions and capabilities of traditional passive remote I/O devices.

Product Features

Slice Form Factor, High Density Modular I/O

The ioLogik E4200 Active Ethernet modular I/O's compact design benefits environments with limited space. Occupied space at the installation site is determined by the number modules you use. For example, the I/O system's width is only 117 mm if you are using 5 I/O modules, compared to 231 mm for an I/O with an 8 slot backplane design.

Flexibility with Various I/O Module Choices

The ioLogik E4200 Active Ethernet modular I/O family supports various types of I/O modules including DC digital input, AC digital input, digital output, relay output, analog input, and analog output.

Expansion Capability Up to 256 Digital Input/Output Points

The ioLogik Active Ethernet I/O family can support up to 16 modules. In other words, the family can support up to 256 digital input/output points or 64 analog input/output points.

Auto Detection of Installed Modules

Using Moxa's utility automatically detects and displays all the modules installed. This feature allows users to see exactly what they installed.

Event Base Logic up to 80 rules and Unicode Active Message

The Active Ethernet modular I/O comes pre-installed with 80 rules of event-based logic. All alarm messages also support Unicode text.

Dual Ethernet LAN Support

For redundancy, the product has two independent Ethernet ports with two MAC addresses and two IP addresses.

Support SMS via GPRS modem

Alarm messages can be automatically sent through the RS-232 COM port when the I/O is connected to a GPRS modem such as the OnCell 2110 or 2150.

Built-in Web Console

The ioLogik E4200 Active Ethernet modular I/O family includes a pre-installed web console that allows you to monitor the I/O status via a web browser.

Package Checklist

Each network adaptor and I/O module is packed securely in a small box.

In you ordered a network adaptor:

- ioLogik E42xx Active Ethernet network adaptor × 1
- Software and Document CD-ROM × 1
- ioLogik E42xx Quick Installation Guide × 1
- End Module Cover × 1

If you ordered an I/O module:

- M-xxxx I/O module × 1

NOTE: Notify your sales representative if any of the above items are missing or damaged.

Product Specifications

The ioLogik E4200 Active Ethernet modular I/O family's detailed specifications are available in the software's product specification help files. Refer to the help file for more information. Models supported by this manual are:

List of Supported Network Adaptors

ioLogik E4200 Dual Ethernet LAN, RS-232, Active Ethernet Network Adaptor.

List of Supported I/O Modules

DC - Digital Input Modules

M-1800 8 digital inputs, sink, 24 VDC, removable terminal block

M-1801 8 digital inputs, source, 24 VDC, removable terminal block

M-1600 16 digital inputs, sink, 24 VDC, 20-pin header

M-1601 16 digital inputs, source, 24 VDC, 20-pin header

AC - Digital Input Modules

M-1450 4 digital inputs, 110 VAC, removable terminal block

M-1451 4 digital inputs, 220 VAC, removable terminal block

Digital Output Modules

M-2800 8 digital outputs, sink, 24 VDC, 0.5A, removable terminal block

M-2801 8 digital outputs, source, 24 VDC, 0.5A, removable terminal block

M-2600 16 digital outputs, sink, 24 VDC, 0.3A, 20-pin header

M-2601 16 digital outputs, sink, 24 VDC, 0.3A, 20-pin header

Relay Output Modules

M-2250 2 Relay inputs, Form A (N.O.), 2A, removable terminal block

Analog Input Modules

M-3402 4 analog inputs, 4 to 20 mA, 12-bit, removable terminal block

M-3410 4 analog inputs, 0 to 10V, 12-bit, removable terminal block

Temperature Input Modules

M-6200 2 analog inputs, RTD, removable terminal block

M-6201 2 analog inputs, Thermocouple, removable terminal block

Analog Output Modules

M-4202 2 analog outputs, 4 to 20 mA, 12-bit, removable terminal block

M-4210 2 analog outputs, 0 to 10V, 12-bit, removable terminal block

System Modules

M-7001 System expansion power supply, 1.0A (5 VDC)

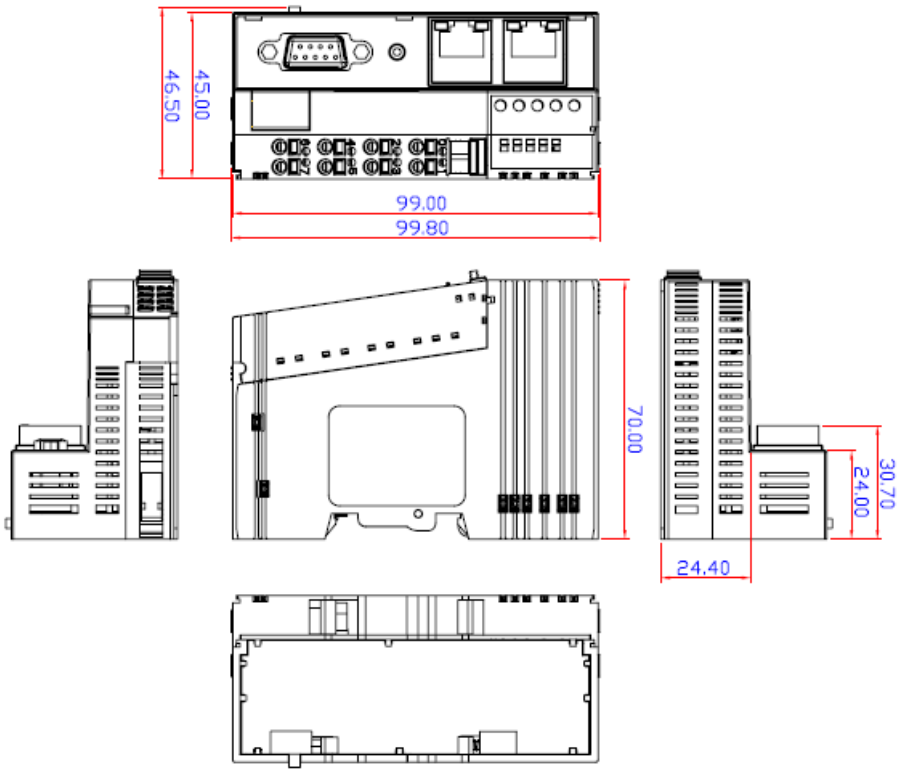
M-7002 Field power distributor, 10A (24/48VDC, 110/220VDC)

M-7804 Potential distributor, 8-Ch, 0VDC

M-7805 Potential distributor, 8-Ch, 24VDC

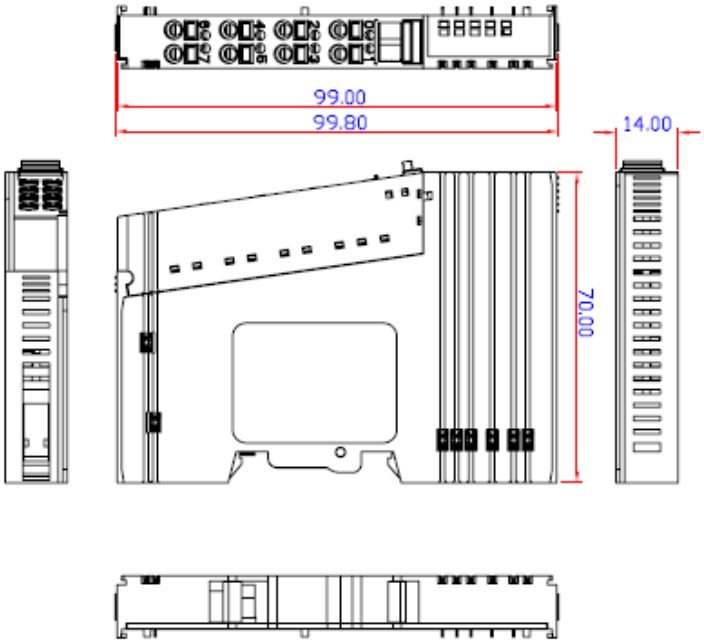
Physical Dimensions

Network Adaptor



(Unit:mm)/(WxHxD: 45x99.8x70mm)

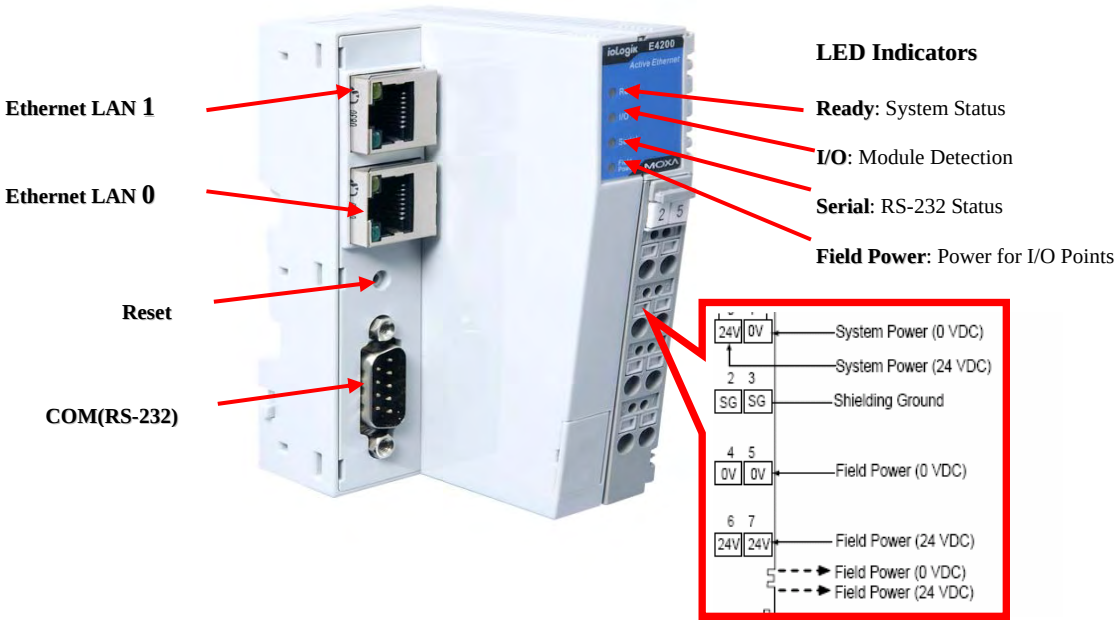
I/O Module



(Unit:mm)/(WxHxD: 14x99.8x70mm)

Hardware Reference

Panel Guide



NOTE: The reset button restarts the system and resets all settings to factory defaults. Use a pointed object such as a straightened paper clip to hold the reset button down for 5 sec. The READY LED will turn red as you are holding the reset button down. The factory defaults will be loaded once the READY LED turns green again. You may then release the reset button.

Hardware Specification

LAN	
Ethernet	2 x10/100Mbps, RJ45
Protection:	1.5KV magnetic isolation
Protocols:	Modbus/TCP, TCP/IP, UDP, DHCP, Bootp, SNMP(MIB for I/O and Network), HTTP, SNTP
Serial	
Interface	RS-232 (9-Pin D-Sub, Male)
Serial Communication Parameters	
Parity	None
Data bits	8
Stop bits	1
Flow Control	RTS/CTS
Speed	115200 bps
Power Requirements	
Operation temperature	-10 to 60℃(14 to 140℉), 5 to 95% RH
Storage temperature	-40 to 85℃(-40 to 185℉), 50 to 95% RH
Agency Approvals	
EMI	FCC part 15, CISPR (EN55022) Class B
EMS	IEC 61000-4-2 (ESD), level 2/3 IEC 61000-4-3 (RS), level 2 IEC 61000-4-4 (EFT), level 2 IEC 61000-4-5 (Surge), level 3 IEC 61000-4-6 (CS), level 2 IEC 61000-4-8 (PM), level 1 IEC 61000-4-11 (DIP) IEC 61000-6-2 (ESD), level 2/3 IEC 61000-6-4 (EFT), level 2
Safety	UL 508
Shock	IEC 60068-2-27
Freefall	IEC 60068-2-32
Vibration	IEC 60068-2-6
Warranty	2 years

LED Indicators for Network Adaptor

Group	Pins/Description	Printed label
Ethernet	On the Plug	
Ready	Green: Power On & System working Normal Green Flashing: Click&Go Active Red Flashing: System Error Off: No Power	Ready
I/O	OFF: I/O Module does not exist Green: Connecting I/O Module Green Flashing: Communication Steady Red:Safe Mode(Host Connection Fail) Red Flashing:Safe Mode(I/O Module Fail)	I/O
Serial	Green: Tx Yellow: Rx Steady Red: Communication Fail	Serial
Field power	Green: Normal Input 11V~28.8V Red: Voltage which out of range	Field power

LED Indicators for I/O Modules

Each DIO or AIO module is equipped with a Module Status LED indicating operation status.

LED Name	LED Color	LED Function
Status	Off	Not powered on during initialization.
	Green	Steady On: System ready. Flashing: I/O module ready for communication.
	Red	Steady On: I/O module hardware problem. Flashing: System bus communication error.

2

Initial Setup

This chapter includes explains how to install the ioLogik Active Ethernet modular I/O including the Ethernet network adaptor, ioLogik E4200, and I/O modules.

The following topics are covered:

- **System Architecture**
- **Installing the I/O Module on a DIN-Rail**
- **Removing the I/O Module from the DIN-Rail**
- **Remove the RTB (Removable Terminal Block) from the I/O module**
- **Installing the RTB onto the I/O Module**
- **Installing the System Power Module**
- **Installing the Field Power Module**
- **Connecting the Power System**
- **Connecting to the Network**
  - ioLogik E4200 Active Ethernet Network Adaptor
  - Configuring Your Network Architecture

System Architecture

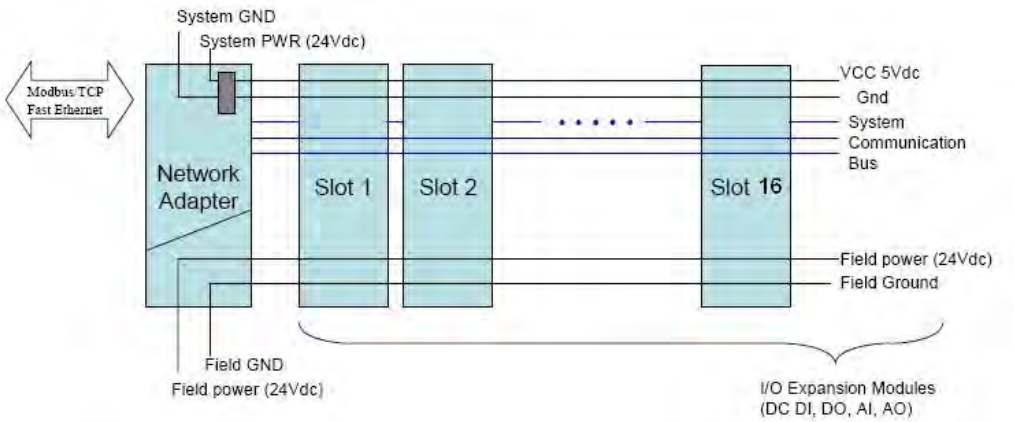
The ioLogik E4200 modular I/O consists of a network adaptor that supports Ethernet and up to 16 I/O modules.

The ioLogik E4200 Active Ethernet network adaptor is the brain of the system. Its responsibility is to collect information from each I/O module and decide the parameters for the I/O module's operation. Communication between the network adaptor and I/O modules is achieved by a system communication bus.

Modbus addresses for each I/O channel are arranged dynamically by the network adaptor according to the installed I/O modules.

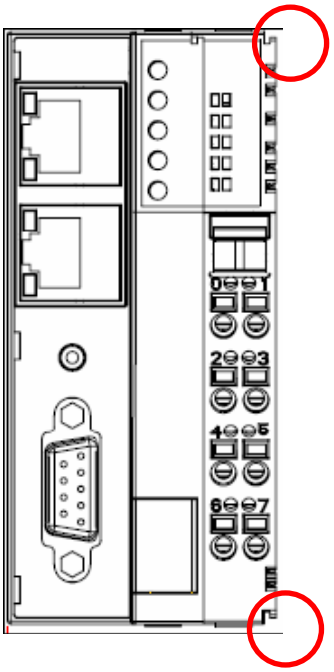
The network adaptor requires two sets of 24 VDC power inputs. One is for the internal logic circuit, and the other is for field I/O circuits.

The network adaptor provides 5 VDC power to all connected I/O modules. When the total current consumption of the I/O modules exceeds 1.5A, you will need to insert an extra power expansion module. To determine how many power expansion modules are required, refer to the spreadsheet in the **Program Files → MOXA → IO Server → HELP**.

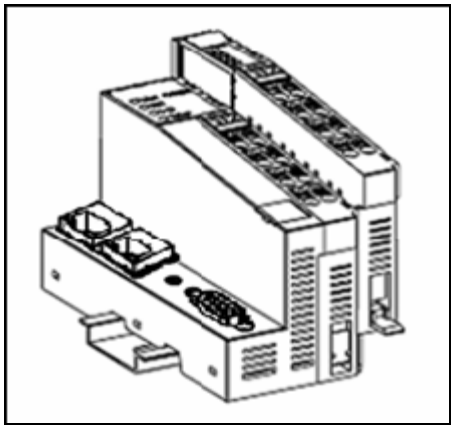


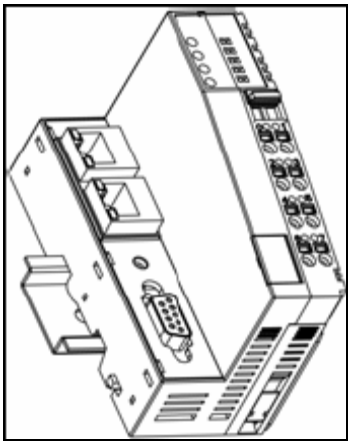
Installing the I/O Module on a DIN-Rail

Step1: Align the I/O module side by side with the network adaptor, making sure that the upper and lower rails are hooked together.



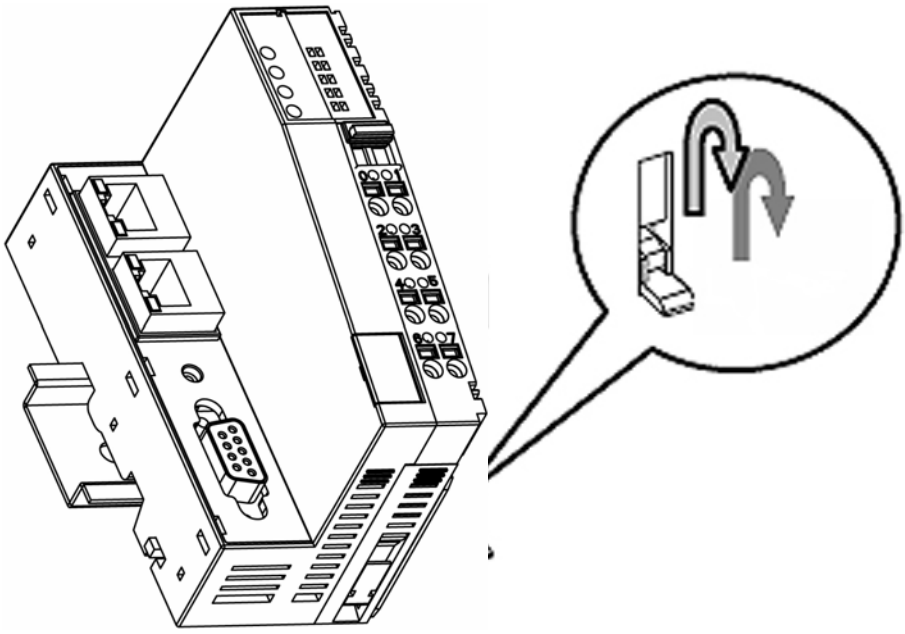
Step 2: Align the I/O module side by side with the network module and then push the I/O module until it touches the DIN-rail. Next, apply more force until the module clips to the DIN-rail.



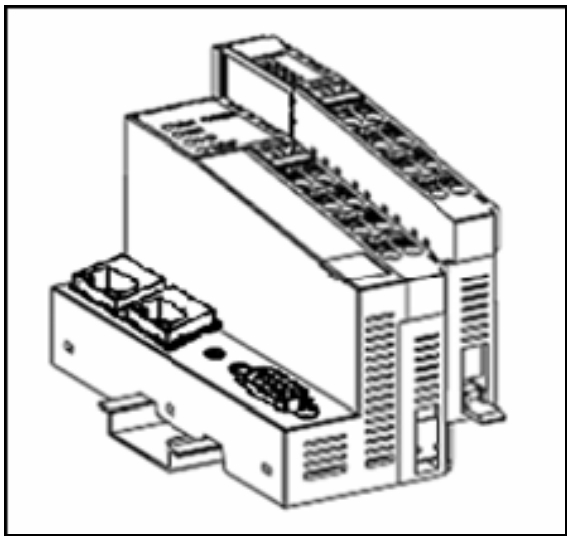


Removing the I/O Module from the DIN-Rail

Step1: Use your finger or a screw driver to pull down the tab on the lower part of the module.

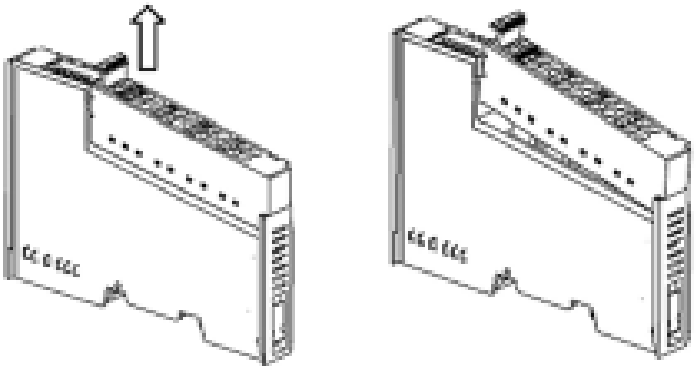


Step2: While still holding down the tab, pull out the module.



Remove the RTB (Removable Terminal Block) from the I/O module

Pull out the plastic belt from the RTB, and then apply more force until the I/O module is pulled away from the I/O module.



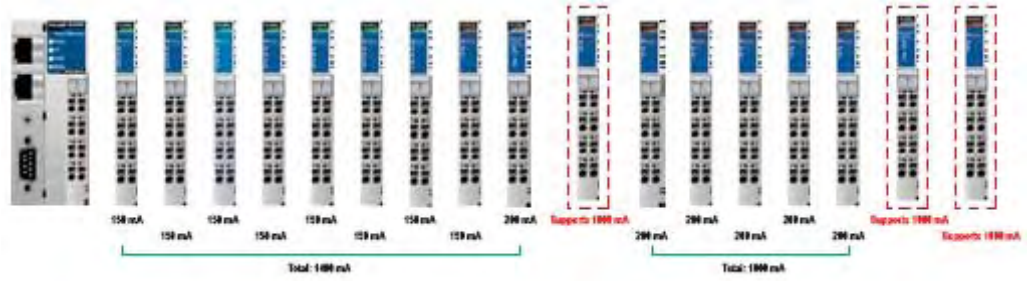
Installing the RTB onto the I/O Module

Step1: Hook the bottom end of the RTB to the I/O module.

Step2: Push down the RTB until it fits snugly on the I/O module, and then push in the plastic belt.

Installing the System Power Module

The system power expansion module is designed to provide extra power when additional I/O expansion modules are connected. Each ioLogik E4200 can provide 1.5A @ 5 VDC. If you require more power for your installed I/O modules, you will need to use an M-7001 module. However, please note that the M-7001 can only provide 1A @ 5 VDC.



ATTENTION

When the total current consumption for connected I/O modules exceeds 1.5A, an M-7001 power expansion module is required.

The following table can be used to calculate if an extra power expansion module is needed. In **Program Files → MOXA → IO Server → HELP**, click on Power Consumption Spreadsheet. The spreadsheet requires Microsoft Excel to operate. Once you enter the I/O module quantity, you will know how many power expansion modules are required.

When extra power expansion modules are installed, restart the system in the following sequence to ensure a proper start-up.

Power Off Sequence

1. Unplug the network adaptor's removable terminal block.
2. Unplug the expansion module's removable terminal block.

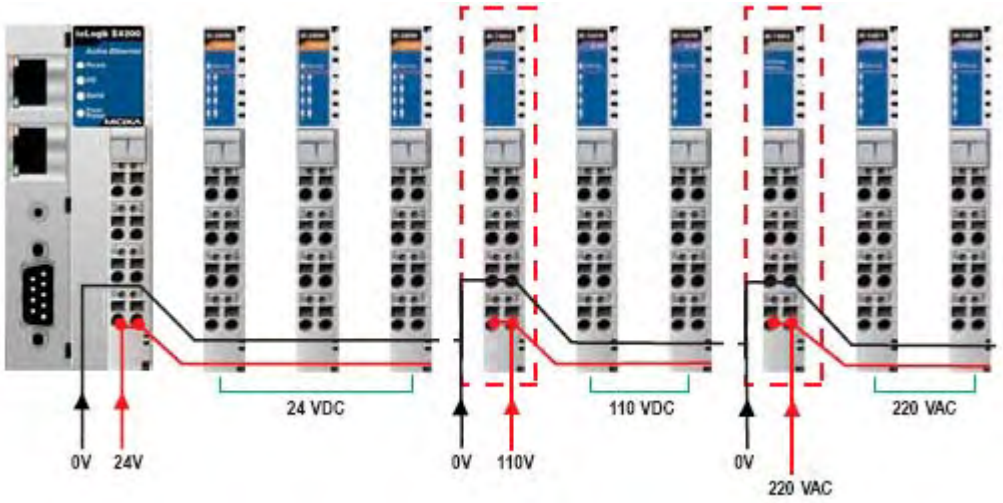
Power Up Sequence

1. Plug in the power expansion module's removable terminal block.
2. Plug in the network adaptor's removable terminal block.

Installing the Field Power Module

The field power distributor is designed to isolate different field voltages. Most of the field power DIO/AIO modules for the ioLogik E4200 series are 24 VDC. If you need to connect 110 VAC, 230 VAC digital input or output modules, you must use the Field Power Distributor to isolate different field powers within a single ioLogik E4200 system.

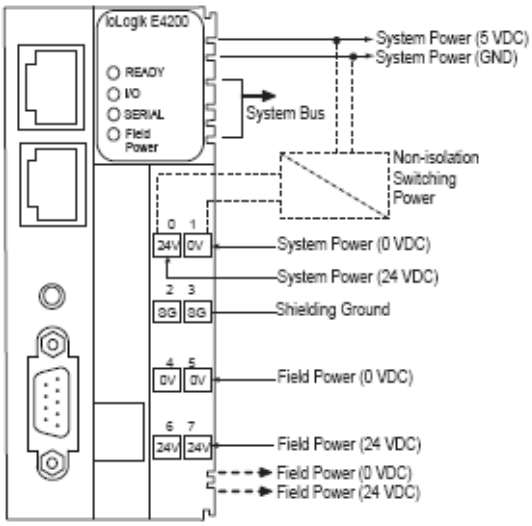
If all of the DIO modules are 110 VAC, you will need at least one field power distributor to isolate the field power from the network adaptor (likewise when using 24 VDC or 230 VAC). For example, before you connect a 110 VDC or 220 VAC AC digital input module to a 24 VDC DI/O module, you will need an M-7002 field power distributor.



Some types of Potential Distributor modules provide extra wiring points such as shielding ground, field power 0V, and field power 24V. For example, the 8-channel digital input (sink type) module itself does not have a 24V wiring point. You may add a 24V Potential Distributor for easy wiring.

Connecting the Power System

Two 24 VDC power sources are required to power the ioLogik E4200. One 24 VDC power input is for system power, and the other 24 VDC power input is for the field I/O. For field installation, system power and field power are provided by different power supply systems.



System power:
24 VDC nominal, 11 to 28.8 VDC

Power dissipation:
60 mA@ 24 VDC

Current for I/O module:
1.5A @ 5 VDC

Field power :
11 to 28.8 VDC

Max. current for field power contact: DC 10A Max.

I/O Cable Gauge:
AWG14 to AWG28

ATTENTION

Disconnect the power before installing and wiring
Disconnect the power cord before installing and/or wiring your ioLogik I/O.

Do not exceed the maximum current for the wiring
Determine the maximum possible current for each power wire and common wire. Observe all electrical codes dictating the maximum current allowable for each wire size.

If the current exceeds the maximum rating, the wiring could overheat, causing serious damage to your equipment.

Connecting to the Network

ioLogik E4200 Active Ethernet Network Adaptor

The ioLogik E4200 Active Ethernet network adaptor supports standard 10/100 Mbps Ethernet. For first time users, we recommend that you link from your host computer to the ioLogik E4200 over a local Ethernet network to take care of IP and system configuration. Once the installation is done, you may move the whole I/O system to the field. Note that you can insert any LAN port to make the configuration setting work.

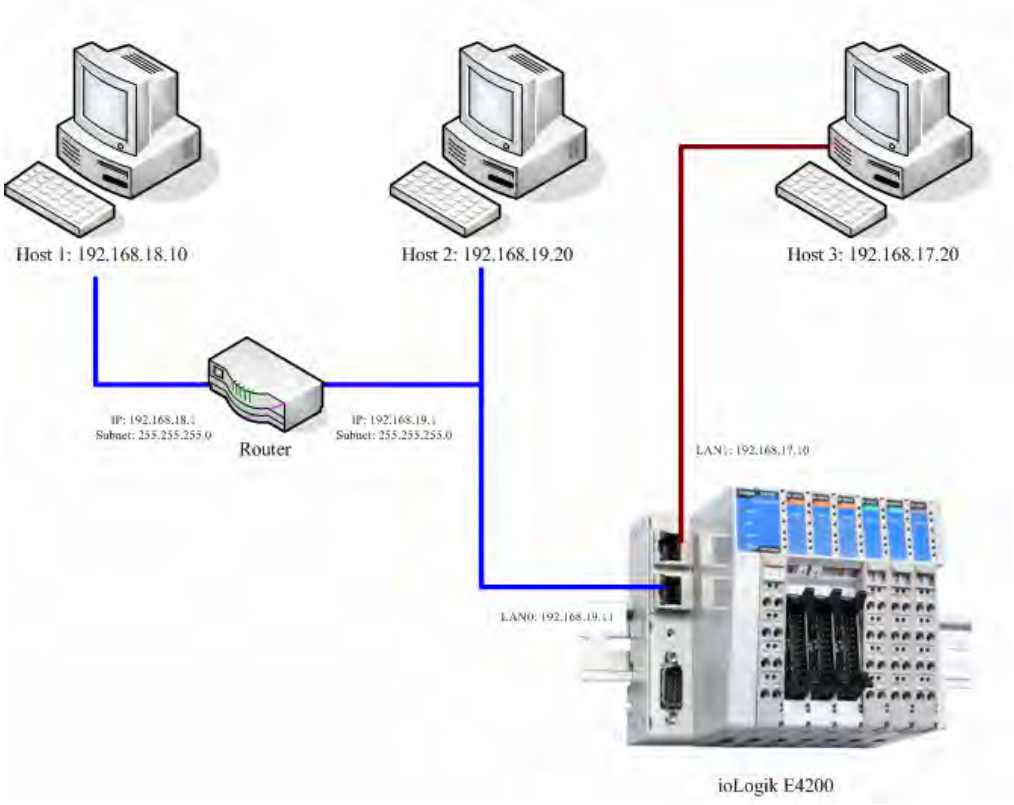
1. Connect the ioLogik E4200 to the host PC with an Ethernet cable. For initial setup of the ioLogik E4200, it is recommended that the ioLogik E4200 be configured using a direct connection to a host computer rather than remotely over the network.
   Note: While you configuration, please make sure only one connection exist. Don't use two connections to connect ioLogik E4200, or some unexpected error will happened.
2. If you connect to the host PC by LAN 0, configure the host PC's IP address to 192.168.127.xxx. (xxx: from 001 to 253). In Windows, you will need to do this through the Control Panel. If you connect to the host PC by LAN 1, configure the host PC's IP address to 192.168.126.xxx. (xxx: from 001 to 253). In Windows, you will need to do this through the Control Panel.

LAN Port	Default IP Address	Default Netmask	Default Gateway
LAN 0	192.168.127.254	255.255.255.0	None
LAN 1	192.168.126.254	255.255.255.0	None

3. Use Modular ioAdmin or the web console to detect the ioLogik E4200. Once the ioLogik E4200 has been detected, modify the settings as needed for your network environment, then restart the I/O.

Configuring Your Network Architecture

The most important thing is configuring your network after you connected ioLogik E4200. One example is as below architecture.



If you want to manage ioLogik E4200 from Host 1, you have to set one routing rule at ioLogik E4200's routing table as following:

Destination: 192.168.18.10

Network-Mask: 255.255.255.255

Gateway: 192.168.19.1

Interface: LAN-0

If you set "Destination", "Network-Mask" as following will allow all hosts which are located in subnet 192.168.18.x connect to this ioLogik E4200

Destination: 192.168.18.0

Network-Mask: 255.255.255.0

Gateway: 192.168.19.1

Interface: LAN-0

3

Utilities

This chapter introduces software utilities you can use when configuring the ioLogik Active Ethernet modular I/O system.

The following topics are covered:

- **Introduction to Modular ioAdmin**
  - Features of Modular ioAdmin
  - Getting Starting
  - Functions on Menu Bar
  - Navigation Panel
  - Server Context Menu
  - Quick Links
  - Main Window (General)
  - Administrator Functions
- **Using TFTP to Import/Export Configuration**
- **Using ioEventLog**
  - Installing ioEventLog
  - Basic Functions
  - Main Menu

This chapter introduces software utilities you can use when configuring the Windows-based ioLogik Active Ethernet modular I/O system. These software utilities include:

1. Modular ioAdmin: The main utility that allows you to configure, monitor, and edit Click&Go.
2. TFTP: The utility that allows you to mass deploy the configuration file.
3. ioEventLog: The utility that allows you to know the system cold-start/warm-start status and time.

Introduction to Modular ioAdmin

The ioLogik Modular I/O may be managed and configured over the Ethernet by Modular ioAdmin, a Windows utility provided with your ioLogik E4200. Modular ioAdmin's graphical user interface gives you easy access to all status information and settings. Although ioLogik E4200 also supports configuration by web console, full configuration and management is only available through Modular ioAdmin. It consists of following functions:

- **Full function setting**
- **Click&Go Logic**
- **The Wiring Guide**

Features of Modular ioAdmin

Auto search and detection

When you connect to ioLogik E4200, the utility can auto find how many devices are connected to the network. The installed modules will be displayed in a picture after you successfully log in.

You don't need to manually add I/O modules one by one. All the devices you installed will appear onscreen. In addition, ioAdmin will resolve any IP conflicts that arise from installing two or more ioLogik Active Ethernet modular I/Os at the same time.

Remote Management

Over the Ethernet network, Modular ioAdmin allows users to find and configure multiple ioLogik systems, and monitor and configure attached I/O devices. You can test I/O devices and reset the system as well.

Click&Go Logic Editor

Click&Go is an event-based, front-end intelligent logic that allows you to make your I/O system smarter. Modular ioAdmin also includes Click&Go event logic editor for setting control logics for your Active Ethernet I/O system.

On-line Wiring Guide

An on-line wiring guide can be opened from within Modular ioAdmin for your convenience. The easily accessible wiring guide can save administrators much time while planning or troubleshooting.

Import/Export files:

There are three files that can be generated by Modular ioAdmin automatically: the system configuration files, server list, and Modbus table.

This function can import/export configuration files and server management lists.

Modular ioAdmin allows the entire configuration of the ioLogik I/O system to be saved as a file. The file is viewable as text and can serve as a record for backup of configuration, or as a template for the configuration of other ioLogik devices.

The file includes title, date, time, model information, and Click&Go rules.

Modular ioAdmin can also import and export a list of ioLogik devices that are being managed. This file can make it easier to manage all devices on the network, and includes server name, module type, IP address, and unit ID.

This function can also export the Modbus Table, which is generated automatically.

Getting Starting

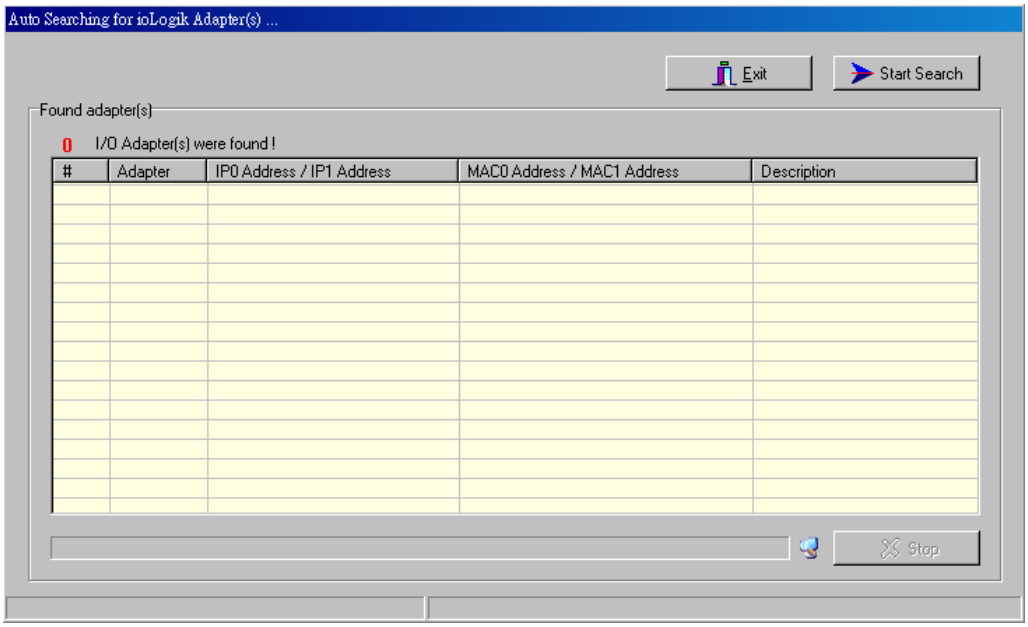
Installing Modular ioAdmin Utility

Insert the Software CD from the network adaptor's package into the host computer. Run SETUP.EXE, which is located in the root directory. The installation program will guide you through the installation process and install the ioAdmin utility.

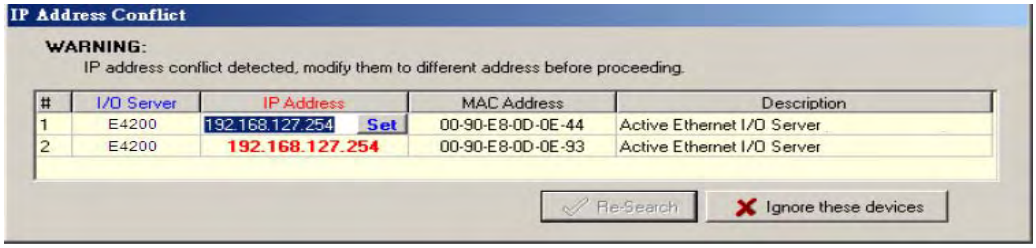
After the installation is done, run Modular ioAdmin from **Start → Program Files → MOXA → IO Server → Utility → Modular ioAdmin**.

Connecting Your Active Modular I/O System

After you open Modular ioAdmin, the auto search window will pop up and begin searching for the I/O system. Click "Start Search" to find the I/O system automatically, or you can click "Exit" and then add the I/O system manually.


Auto Searching for ioLogik Adapter(s) ...
Exit
Start Search
Found adapter(s)
0 I/O Adapter(s) were found !
Adapter IP0 Address / IP1 Address MAC0 Address / MAC1 Address Description
Stop

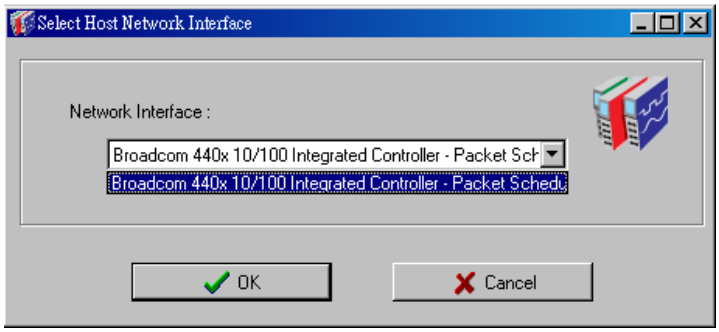
If there are two or more I/O systems with the same IP address found, Modular ioAdmin will ask you to modify IP addresses by a pop-up window, and then reboot the I/O system. For example, if multiple ioLogik E4200 units are initially installed on the same network, each unit has the same default IP address. You will need to assign a different IP address to each unit to avoid IP conflicts. Modular ioAdmin automatically detects IP conflicts and gives you a chance to modify each unit's IP address in the "IP Address" columns. Click the "Set" button to reboot the corresponding unit with its new IP address. Click the "Re-Search" button to refresh the list of units found by Modular ioAdmin.


IP Address Conflict
WARNING:
IP address conflict detected, modify them to different address before proceeding.
I/O Server IP Address MAC Address Description
1 E4200 192.168.127.254 Set 00-90-E8-0D-0E-44 Active Ethernet I/O Server
2 E4200 192.168.127.254 00-90-E8-0D-0E-93 Active Ethernet I/O Server
Re-Search
Ignore these devices

Modular ioAdmin can't find the existing I/O system in certain situations, such as when the I/O system is not in the same network segment. In these cases, you can add them manually. Right click the tag of "ioLogik" in Navigation Panel, and choose the "Add ioLogik I/O Adapter". In the pop-up window and key in the I/O system IP address that you want to add.

ATTENTION

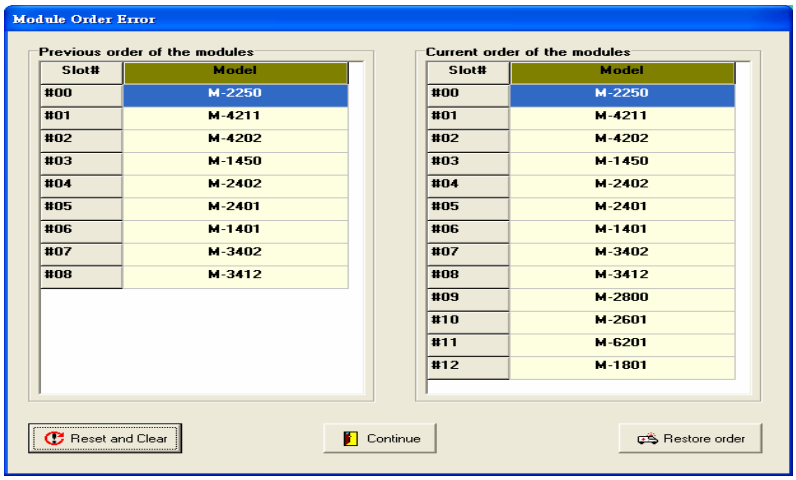
If there are multiple network interfaces in the host computers, be sure to select the correct one before searching at **menu bar → system → Network Interface**.


Select Host Network Interface
Network Interface :
Broadcom 440x 10/100 Integrated Controller - Packet Sch
Broadcom 440x 10/100 Integrated Controller - Packet Schedu
OK
Cancel

After the ioLogik E4200 is displayed on main window, select the "Adaptor Settings" and click login. The I/O modules will be automatically detected and shown on the main window of the "I/O configuration" tab.

ATTENTION

If you are not installing for the first time, you may see the "Module Order Error" window. If the initial installation is successful, the ioLogik E4200 will memorize all settings and current module combinations. If the module combination changes, the ioLogik E4200 will detect an unmatched module combination event and show a warning window as pictured below.



There are three options you can choose to handle the unmatched module combination event:

Reset and Clear:

If you know you changed the I/O modules combination, then choose this option.

This action resets all module configurations, clears all Click&Go logic and restarts the system.

Continue:

If you have just added new I/O modules onto the end of the existing I/O system, then choose this option.

This action does not clear Click&Go settings, it only stops it, and you can still start it at your own risk. All configurations of previously installed modules are preserved, and newly added modules will be applied with default settings.

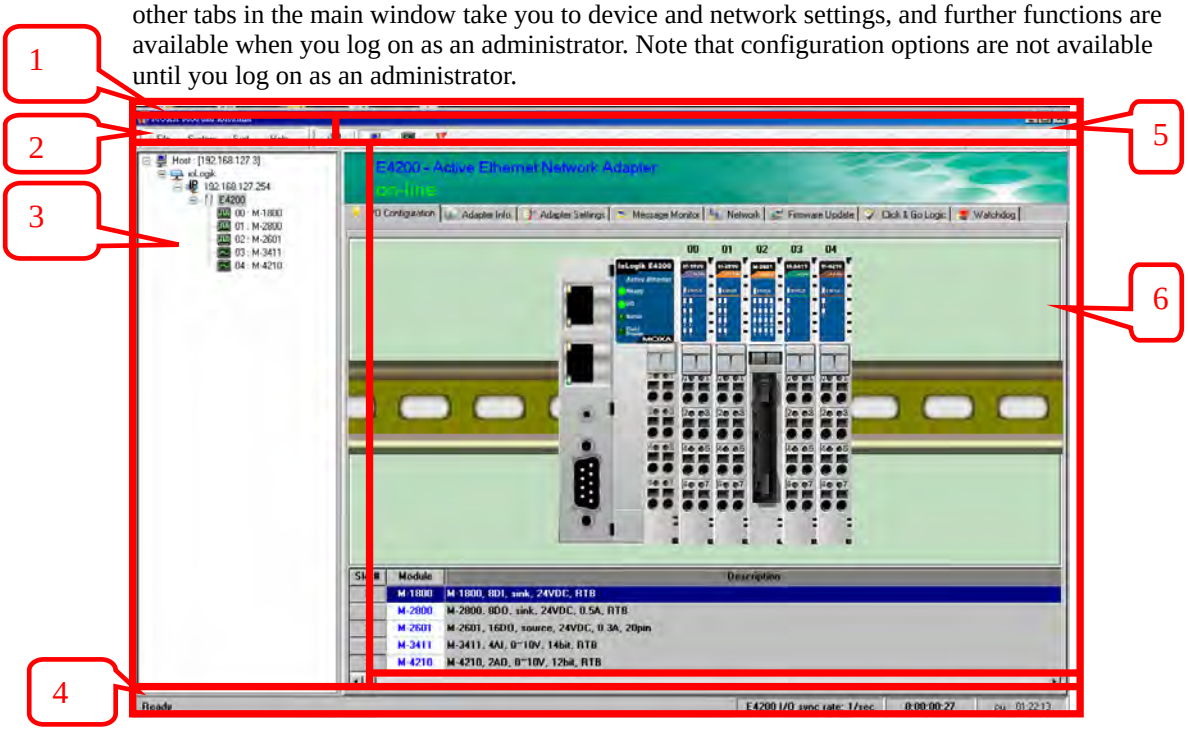
Restore order (Recover to the old module combination)

If you **Don't** know why the I/O modules combination changed, then choose this option.

You need to shut down the system's power and recover the module combination to the former settings individually.

Modular ioAdmin Main Screen

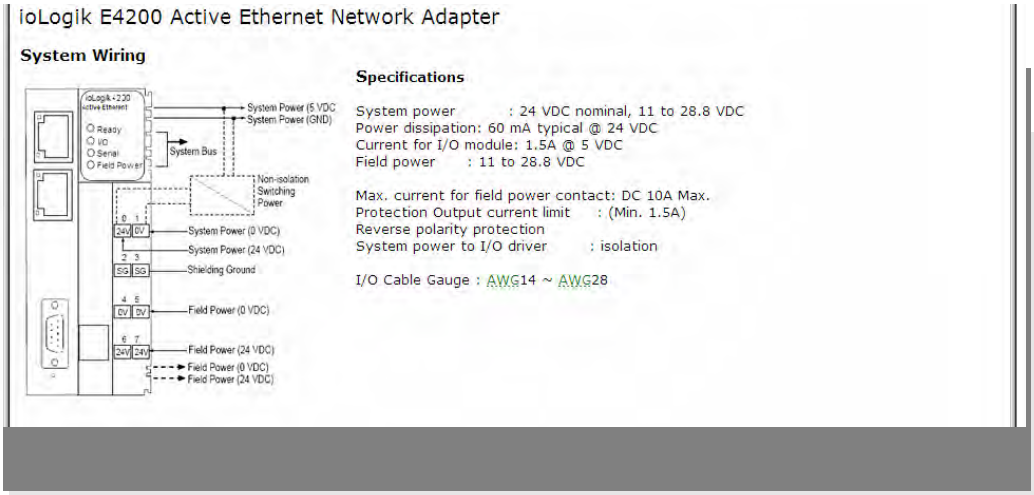
This is Modular ioAdmin's main screen. The main window defaults to the **I/O Configuration** tab, which displays a figure of the ioLogik E4200 and the status of every I/O channel below it. The other tabs in the main window take you to device and network settings, and further functions are available when you log on as an administrator. Note that configuration options are not available until you log on as an administrator.



1	Modular ioAdmin Title
2	Menu Bar
3	Navigation Panel
4	Status Bar
5	Quick Link
6	Main Window

Wiring Guide

Modular ioAdmin provides a wiring guide to the ioLogik Active Ethernet modular I/O. You may access the wiring guide by right-clicking the figure of the ioLogik E4200 or **I/O Module** in the **I/O Configuration** tab. Select "Wiring Guide" in the submenu to open a help file showing the wiring information and electrical characteristics of the ioLogik E4200.

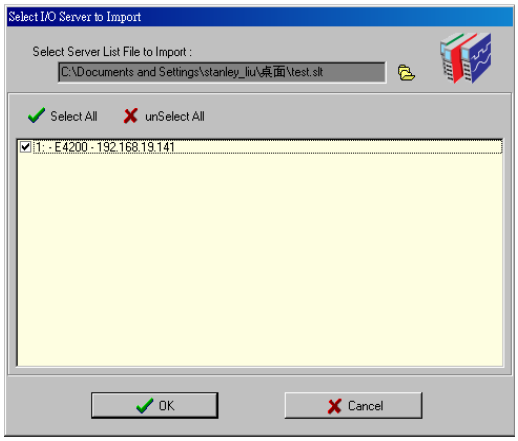

ioLogik E4200 Active Ethernet Network Adapter
System Wiring
Specifications
System power : 24 VDC nominal, 11 to 28.8 VDC
Power dissipation: 60 mA typical @ 24 VDC
Current for I/O module: 1.5A @ 5 VDC
Field power : 11 to 28.8 VDC
Max. current for field power contact: DC 10A Max.
Protection Output current limit : (Min. 1.5A)
Reverse polarity protection
System power to I/O driver : isolation
I/O Cable Gauge : AWG14 ~ AWG28
System Power (5 VDC)
System Power (GND)
System Bus
Non-isolation Switching Power
System Power (0 VDC)
System Power (24 VDC)
Shielding Ground
Field Power (0 VDC)
Field Power (24 VDC)
Field Power (0 VDC)
Field Power (24 VDC)

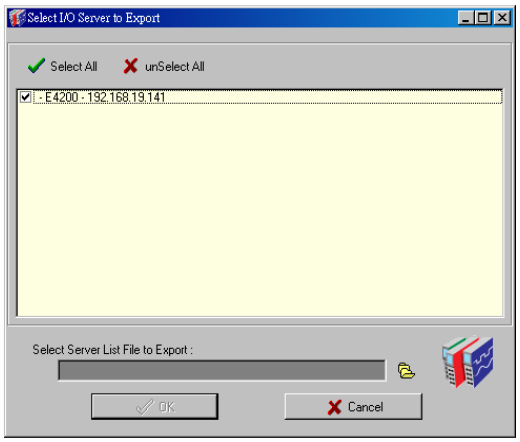
Functions on Menu Bar

File

From the **File** menu, you can export the **Server List**, which contains a list of ioLogik devices that are currently displayed in the navigation panel. You also can import a list of ioLogik I/Os into Modular ioAdmin.

When importing a server list, you will be prompted to select which I/O devices on the list need to be imported. The file will have a .SLT extension and can be opened as a text file. The server list will provide the following information for each adaptor:





- Adaptor name
- Module type
- IP address

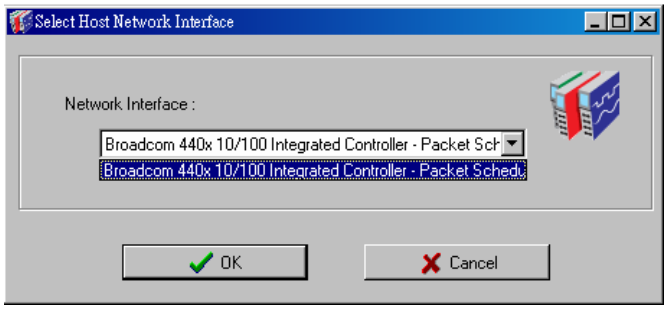
System

Several operations are possible from the **System** menu.

Auto Scan Active Ethernet Network Adaptor will search for ioLogik devices on the network. When connecting for the first time or recovering from a network disconnection, you can use this command to find I/O systems that are on the network.

Network Interface allows you to select a network to use if the PC has multiple network adaptors installed.

If you can't find the Network Adaptor, try specifying the network interface the host uses to connect to the Network Adaptor.


Select Host Network Interface
Network Interface :
Broadcom 440x 10/100 Integrated Controller - Packet Sch
Broadcom 440x 10/100 Integrated Controller - Packet Schedu
OK
Cancel

I/O Status Refresh Interval is used to adjust how often the I/O system synchronizes with Modular ioAdmin for I/O system status. The current rate is displayed on the "Sync. Rate Information" at the bottom of the window. Note that higher sync rates result in higher loads on the network. The default value is 500 msec. To change the configuration, click **I/O Status Refresh Interval** under the **System** menu, and then adjust the data refresh rate. Note that the unit is in 10 msec increments, so if you enter 100, the refresh rate becomes 1 sec.

TCP Socket Timeout Interval allows you to select the preferred timeout value for TCP socket communication.

Active Message Listen Port specifies the port number to use for Active Ethernet I/O messages. If your network uses a firewall, you can coordinate this setting with your firewall settings to ensure that active messages get through. The default Listen Port is 9001.

Sort

The **Sort** menu allows the server list in the navigation panel to be sorted by connection, type, and location.

They are sorted by Adaptor Location in default. You also can change the sorting method through the sorting function or on Quick Link. You can sort by connection, location, or type.

Help

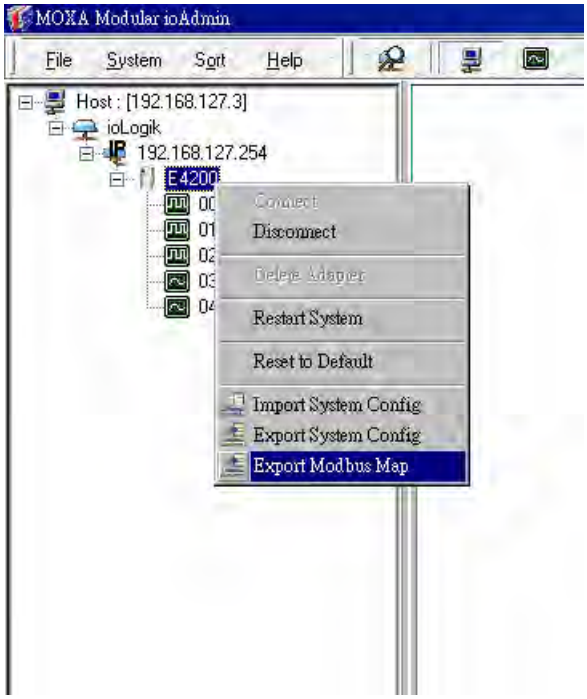
In the **Help** menu, you can view wiring guides and information about Modular ioAdmin.

Navigation Panel

In this panel, Modular ioAdmin will show you the information for the Host IP, and how many I/Os are in your system.

Right clicking on the ioLogik tag will allow you to manually add ioLogik Adaptor. Choose "Add ioLogik I/O Adaptor". In the pop-up window, key in the I/O system IP address that you want to add.

Right click on the E4200 tag and the Server Context Menu will pop up. This allows you to execute Connect/Disconnect, Delete I/O Adapter, Restart System, Reset to Default, and Import/Export file functions.



Server Context Menu

The server context menu is accessed by right clicking on the server model name in the navigation panel.

Connect

Select this command to have Modular ioAdmin attempt a reconnection over the network to the selected ioLogik I/O.

Disconnect

Select this command to have Modular ioAdmin drop the network connection with the selected ioLogik I/O.

Delete Adaptor

Select this command to have Modular ioAdmin remove the selected I/O system.

Restart System (Administrator Function)

Select this command to restart your ioLogik I/O system from a remote site. You will need to log in as an administrator to use this function.

Reset to Default (Administrator Function)

Select this command to reset all settings, including console password, to factory default values. You will need to log in as an administrator to use this function.

Import /Export System Config (Administrator Function)

Select this command to reload a configuration that was imported /exported to a text file. You will need to log in as an administrator to use this function. You will need to restart the ioLogik I/O system in order for the new configuration to take effect. This command may be used to restore a configuration after loading the factory defaults, or to duplicate a configuration to multiple ioLogik servers.

Export Modbus Map

Select this command to export the Modbus Map of the ioLogik I/O system to a .CSV file. You will need to log in as an administrator to use this function. It is strongly recommended you use this method to record your Modbus Map after you have finished configuring the ioLogik I/O system for your application.

Note: The I/O Modbus table is in *.csv format, it can be easily read both in a text editor or the Windows Excel program.

Quick Links

Quick links are provided to search for I/O servers on the network and sort the server list.

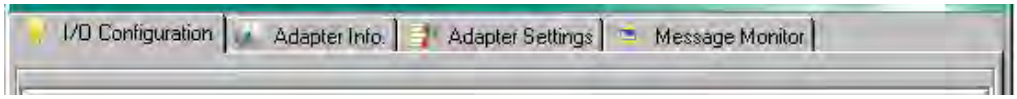
Search network for I/O servers

Sort by connection

Sort by type

Sort by location

Main Window (General)



I/O Configuration Tab (General)

If you are not logged in, the I/O Configuration tab shows the picture of the ioLogik E4200 without I/O modules. This is the default tab when you first open Modular ioAdmin.

Adaptor Info Tab

Adaptor information, such as firmware revision, is displayed in the Adaptor Info tab.

Adaptor Settings Tab (General)

The Adaptor Settings tab is where you log in as an administrator. This is required in order to gain access to the ioLogik E4200 configuration options. If no administrator password has been set up, simply click on Login and leave the Password field blank. Additional detail is provided later in this chapter.

Message Monitor Tab

The Message Monitor tab will display any TCP/UDP I/O messages received from the ioLogik E4200. When you install the ioLogik E4200 for the first time, the Active I/O messaging ruleset will not have been defined yet, so there will be no messages in the Message Monitor Tab. Please refer to Chapter 5 for information on how to program the ioLogik E4200's Active I/O messaging system.

Once the active I/O messaging system has been configured and activated, TCP/UDP messages sent from the ioLogik E4200 will be viewable in the Message Monitor tab.

Messages can be displayed in ASCII, UNICODE or in HEX. To display messages in HEX, make sure that "Toggle HEX" is checked. To display messages in UNICODE, make sure that "UNICODE (UCS-2)" is checked.

Administrator Functions

For full access to all configuration options, log in as an administrator in the Adaptor Settings tab. This is required whenever you start up ioAdmin or boot up/restart the ioLogik E4200. When you install the ioLogik E4200 for the first time, the password will be blank and you may simply click on **Login**.

Additional functions will be available after logging in, including the following new tabs:

- Network
- Firmware Update
- Click&Go Logic
- Watchdog

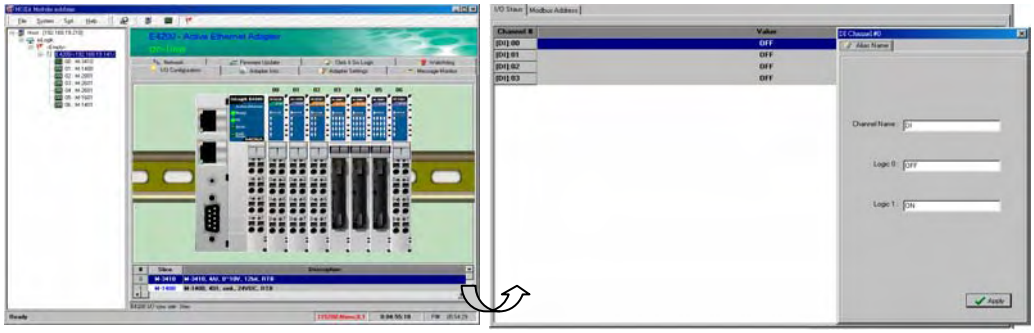
ATTENTION

You must log in to access any administrator function, including Network, Communication Watchdog Timer, and Firmware Update tabs. If you forget the password, you may hold down the ioLogik's reset button to clear the password and load factory defaults. **This will result in the loss of all configuration settings and your Click&Go Logic Active I/O messaging program!**

When making configuration changes, you will need to click on Update or on Apply to save the changes. Some changes will require a restart of the ioLogik I/O system in order to take effect, and you will be given the option to restart the computer if necessary.

I/O Configuration Tab (Administrator)

When logged on as an administrator, you may click on an IO Module picture in the **I/O Configuration** tab or click the module name displayed on Navigation Panel, and then double click on a channel to configure that channel's settings. A window will open with Modbus Address, I/O status and Config options (for output module only) for that module.

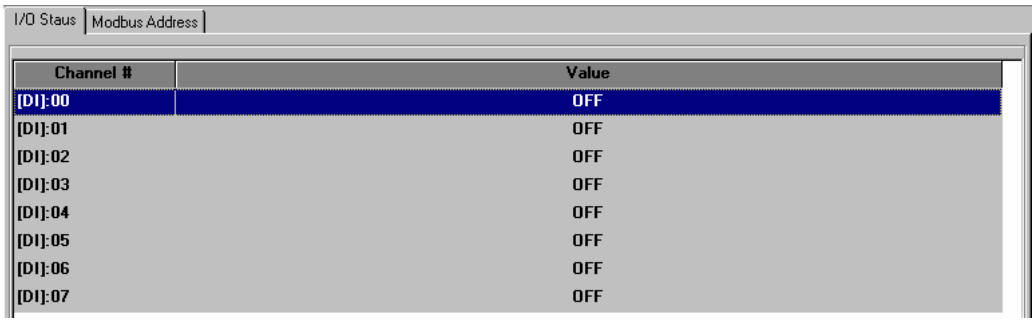


Modbus Address

This sub-tab includes a part for **Address** and another for **Module Information**. The **Address** section shows your channel's Modbus type such as Discrete Input, Coil, and Register. **Module Information** allows you to check the module firmware version.

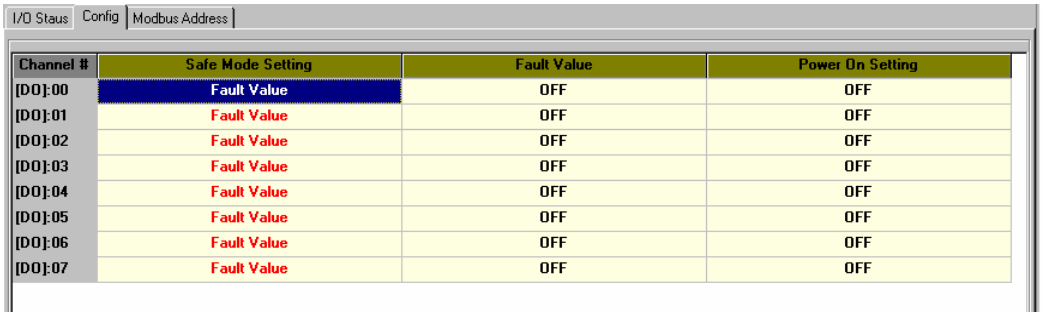
I/O Status

This shows the value of the channel and channel name. It also allows you to assign an alias name to the channel, ON, and OFF statuses. You can drag the line to enlarge or reduce the column width.



Config (For output modules only)

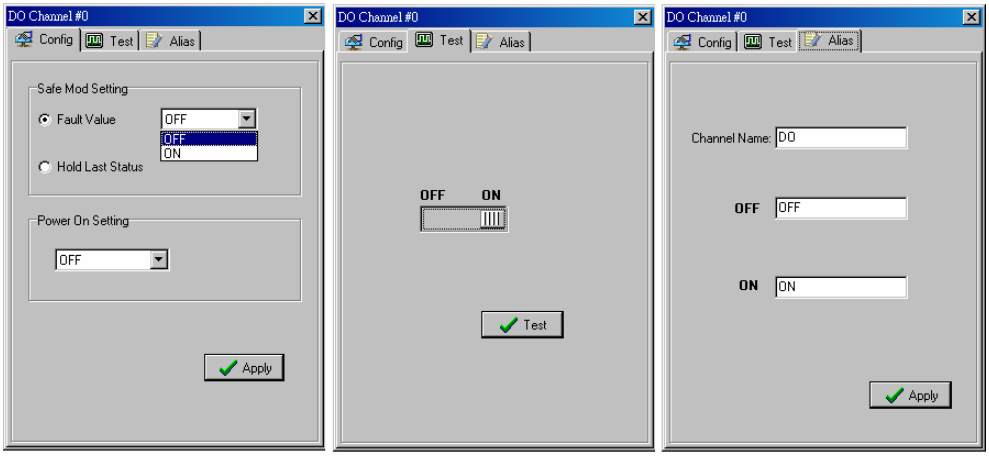
The list in this tab shows you the module **Safe Mode Settings** for Power On, Disconnecting, and System Failure.



Channel #	Safe Mode Setting	Fault Value	Power On Setting
[DO]:00	Fault Value	OFF	OFF
[DO]:01	Fault Value	OFF	OFF
[DO]:02	Fault Value	OFF	OFF
[DO]:03	Fault Value	OFF	OFF
[DO]:04	Fault Value	OFF	OFF
[DO]:05	Fault Value	OFF	OFF
[DO]:06	Fault Value	OFF	OFF
[DO]:07	Fault Value	OFF	OFF

You can double click to enter the setting. After you double click, the channel setting window will pop up.

This allows you to set the safe mode, power on status, test I/O, and alias name.



Power On Settings

Use this field to set the initial behavior of the DO/AO channel when the ioLogik system is powered on. For DO channels, you may configure whether or not the DO is set to OFF or ON at power up. For AO channels, you may configure whether or not the AO is set to pre-defined value at power up.

Safe Status Settings

Use this field to specify how the I/O channel behaves when the network connection is lost. When the network connection is lost for the amount of time specified in the Host Connection Watchdog, the ioLogik E4200 enters Safe Status, and each I/O channel's Safe Status settings will go into effect.

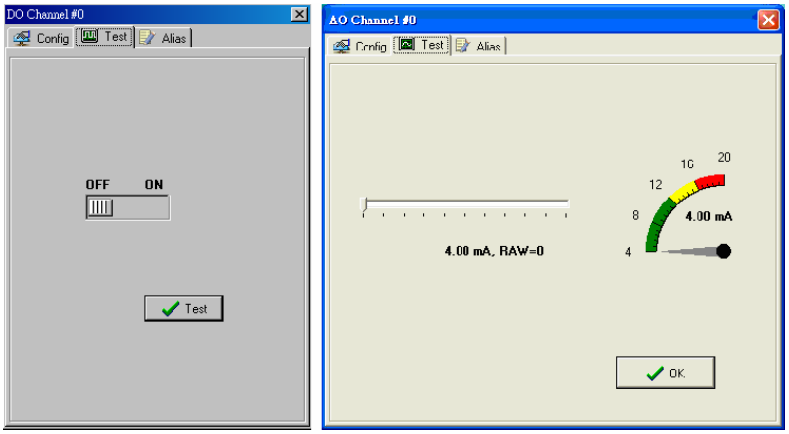
ATTENTION

There are two situations that will prompt the Active Ethernet modular I/O to enter Safe Status. One is Host Connection Lost and the other is Internal I/O Bus Failed. When the ioLogik E4200 is in safe mode, users can not start Click&Go logic or change the module configuration.

1. Host Connection Lost: The "I/O" LED shines a steady red.
   The Host Connection Watchdog is disabled by default. If the Host Connection Watchdog is disabled, the ioLogik I/O system will never enter Safe Status and the Safe Status settings will have no effect.
2. Internal I/O Bus Failed: The "I/O" LED flashes red. Check your I/O system installation.

Test I/O

You may test the DO or AO channel by using Modular ioAdmin.

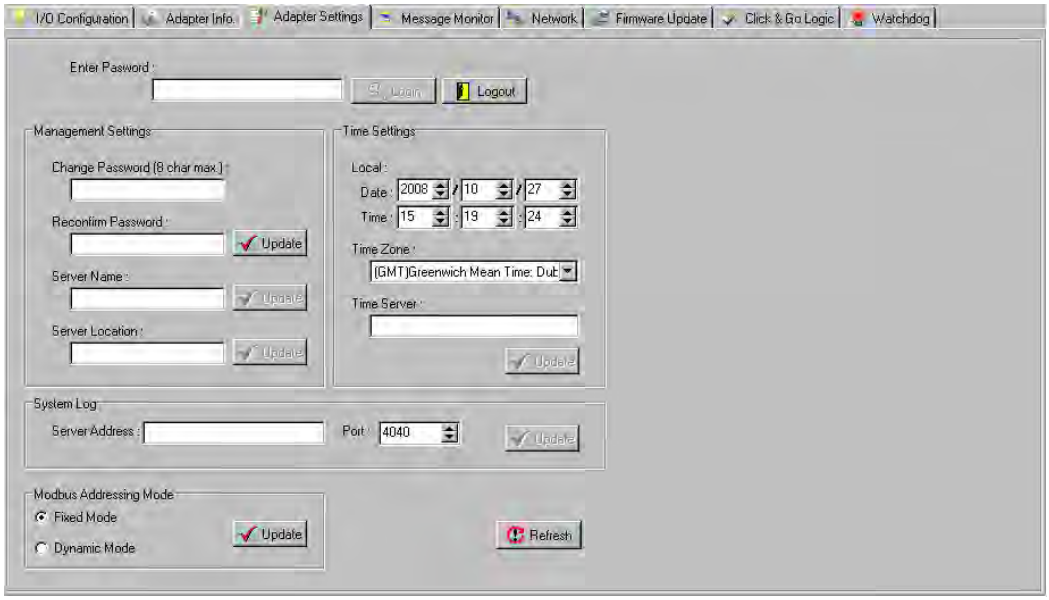


Adaptor Settings Tab (Administrator)

There are five parts in this TAB: Password, Management Settings, Time settings, System Log, and Modbus Address Mode. You may set up a password, adaptor name, location, date, time zone, and time server in the Adaptor Settings tab. Modular ioAdmin supports long adaptor names and a location description up to 58 chars.

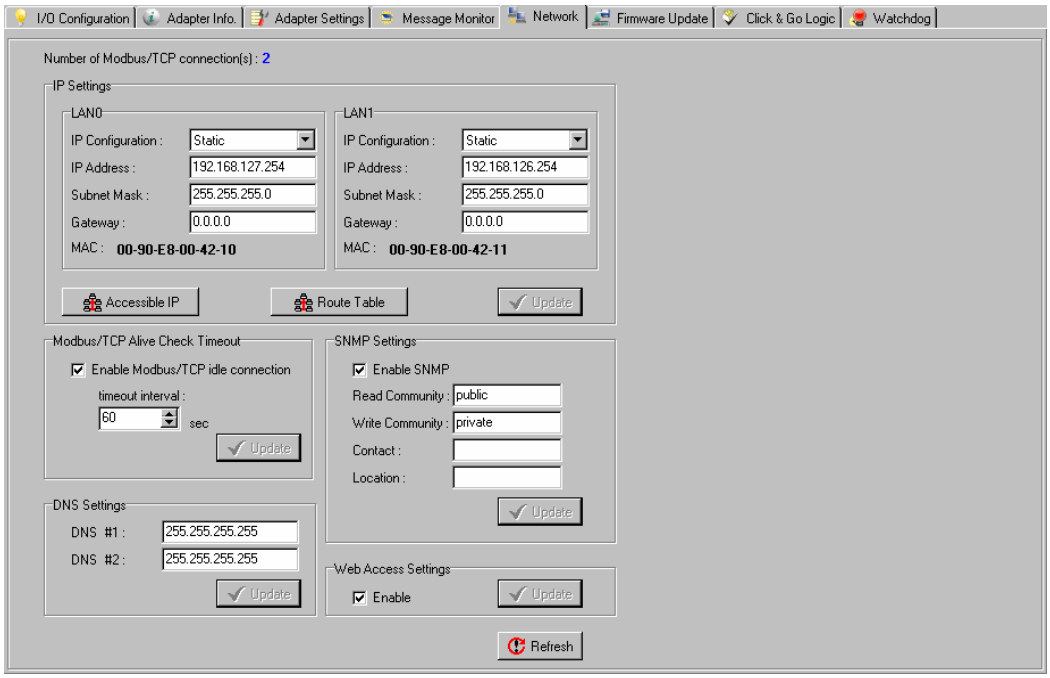
If you will be using ioEventLog to receive system status reports, such as for warm or cold starts, indicate the IP address and port number for the PC that will be running ioEventLog in the "System Log" field. The default port number is 4040. For additional information, please refer the ioEventLog section later in this chapter.

Modular ioAdmin also provides different Modbus address modes including **Fixed** mode (default) and **Dynamic** mode. For more detailed information, please refer to the appendix.



Network Tab (Administrator)

The **Network** tab is where you configure IP settings, Modbus/TCP Alive Check Timeout settings, DNS settings, SNMP settings, and Web Access settings for the ioLogik E4200.



IP Settings: You can set up a static or dynamic IP address for both LAN ports of the ioLogik E4200, as well as the subnet mask and gateway address.

The **Accessible IP** screen can be used to control network access to the ioLogik E4200 and attached sensors. Network requests that originate from sources that are not listed in the accessible IP list will be unable to use Modbus/TCP or Modular ioAdmin to access the ioLogik E4200.

You also can create your own Route Table by clicking the "Route Table" button.

Modbus/TCP Alive Check Timeout Settings: The Modbus/TCP Alive Check Timeout is designed to avoid TCP connection failure. When the host is down, the ioLogik E4200 will continue to wait for a response from the host. This will cause the TCP port to be indefinitely occupied by the host. When the Modbus/TCP idle connection timeout interval is enabled, the ioLogik E4200 will close the TCP connection automatically if there is no TCP activity for the specified time. Please note that Modbus/TCP connections will be blocked when setting up Accessible IP.

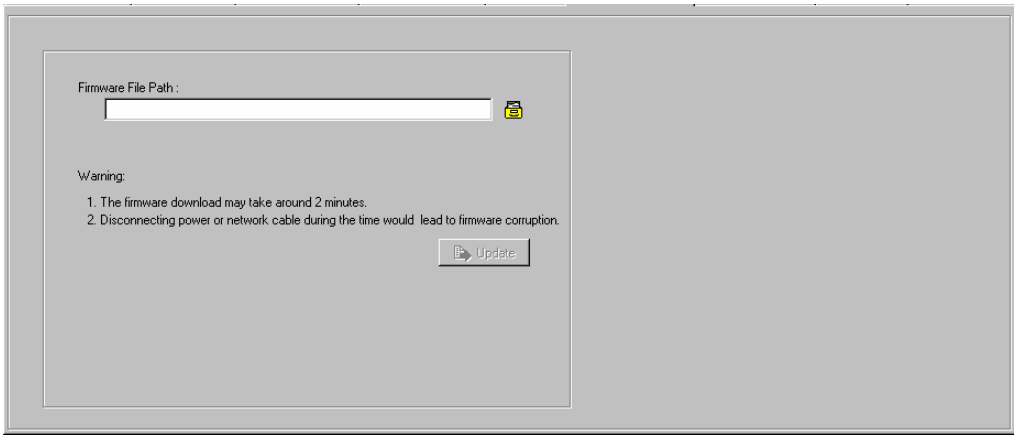
DNS Settings: Use this field to specify the IP addresses for up to 2 DNS servers. These two DNS servers may be used to automatically find available e-mail addresses when configuring for Active Ethernet I/O e-mail messaging.

SNMP Settings: The ioLogik E4200 provides SNMPv2 (Simple Network Management Protocol) to monitor the network and I/O devices with SNMP Network Management software. It is useful in building automation and telecom applications. Use these fields to enable SNMP and set the read and write community strings.

Web Access Settings: This field enables and disables the ioLogik E4200's web console. The web console allows the configuration of many settings using a web browser that is directed to the I/O device's IP address. If the web console is not enabled in this field, you will not be able to access the web console.

Firmware Update Tab (Administrator)

The ioLogik E4200 supports remote firmware updates through the **Firmware Update** tab. Enter the path to the firmware file or click on the icon to browse for the file. Click **Update** to update the firmware. The wizard will lead you through the process until the I/O device is restarted.

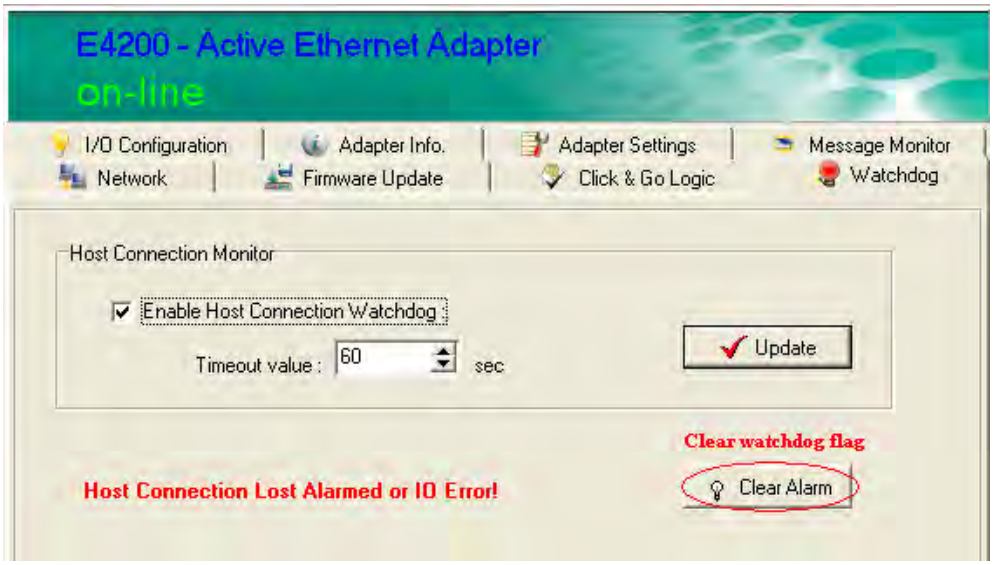

Firmware File Path :
Warning:
1. The firmware download may take around 2 minutes.
2. Disconnecting power or network cable during the time would lead to firmware corruption.
Update

ATTENTION

Do not interrupt the firmware update process! An interruption in the process may result in your device becoming unrecoverable. After the firmware is updated, the ioLogik will restart and you will have to log in again to access administrator functions.

Watchdog Tab (Administrator)

The **Watchdog** tab is where you configure the Host Connection Watchdog, which is used with the Safe Status settings to define each I/O channel's response to a lost network connection. When the ioLogik E4200 loses its network connection for the amount of time specified in the timeout, the Host Connection Watchdog will switch the ioLogik E4200 to Safe Status and the I/O channels will reset to their Safe Status settings. By default, the Watchdog is disabled. To enable the Watchdog, make sure **Enable Host Connection Watchdog** is checked, set the Timeout value, then click the **Update** button.



After the Watchdog is enabled, the ioLogik E4200 will enter safe status if the network connection is lost. Once the connection has been restored, you will need to return to the Watchdog Tab in order to exit safe status. There will be a message saying "Host Connection Lost", indicating that the I/O device is in safe status. Click **Clear Alarm** to exit safe status and return to normal operation.

ATTENTION

When ioLogik E4200 is in safe mode, user can not start Click&Go logic and user can not change the module configuration.

The Host Connection Watchdog is disabled by default. If the Host Connection Watchdog is disabled, the ioLogik I/O system will never enter Safe Status and the Safe Status settings will have no effect.

During Host Connection Lost, the "I/O" LED will shine a steady red to show that it is in Safe Mode. After clearing the alarm, you must restart the system.

If you find the I/O LED indicator flashing Red, power off the system and power it on again to return to normal operation.

Click&Go Logic Tab (Administrator)

The **Click&Go** logic tab is where administrators set up the ioLogik E4200's Active I/O messaging logic. Instead of the I/O device reacting passively to repeated polling requests from a host for I/O data, the ioLogik E4200 is able to actively send I/O information to the host when an I/O channel satisfies conditions that you specify. Click&Go logic was developed by Moxa to provide a powerful and easy-to-use tool for defining the conditions under which I/O information will be sent over the network. Please refer to Chapter 5 for more detailed information.

Changes made in the Click&Go logic tab are not effective until you download the logic and the ioLogik E4200 is restarted, as with changes made in other tabs.

ATTENTION

Note that when Click&Go logic is being used, the range and units of I/O channels being used in Click&Go logic may not be modified.

Using TFTP to Import/Export Configuration

TFTP (Trivial File Transfer Protocol) was defined in 1980 to provide basic FTP functionality in a very simple protocol. Due to TFTP's simplicity, it can be implemented using a very small amount of memory, an important consideration when it was first developed. The ioLogik E4200 I/O supports the use of TFTP to import or export configuration files.

The following is an example using Windows TFTP and an ioLogik E4200 with an IP address of 192.168.127.254:

1. Enter "TFTP 192.168.127.254 GET ik4200.txt" to get the ioLogik's configuration file.
2. Enter "TFTP 192.168.127.254 PUT ik4200.txt" to load a configuration file onto the ioLogik

```
Transfers files to and from a remote computer running the TFTP service.

TFTP [-i] host [GET | PUT] source [destination]

  -i             Specifies binary image transfer mode (also called
                 octet). In binary image mode the file is moved
                 literally, byte by byte. Use this mode when
                 transferring binary files.
  host           Specifies the local or remote host.
  GET            Transfers the file destination on the remote host to
                 the file source on the local host.
  PUT            Transfers the file source on the local host to
                 the file destination on the remote host.
  source         Specifies the file to transfer.
  destination    Specifies where to transfer the file.
```

You must use "ik4200.txt" as the destination filename when copying a configuration file to the ioLogik E4200 unit. Otherwise, you will receive an error message as shown below:

```
Error on server : ioServer - Fail to write file !!cess Protocol
pcmail-srv      158/tcp                         #PCMail Server
snmp            161/udp                         #SNMP
snmptrap        162/udp    snmp-trap            #SNMP trap
print-srv       170/tcp                         #Network PostScript
bgp             179/tcp                         #Border Gateway Protocol
irc             194/tcp                         #Internet Relay Chat Protoco
l
ipx             213/udp                         #IPX over IP
ldap            389/tcp                         #Lightweight Directory Acces
s Protocol
https           443/tcp    MCom
https           443/udp    MCo
https           443/tcp    MCom
https           443/udp    MCo?
```

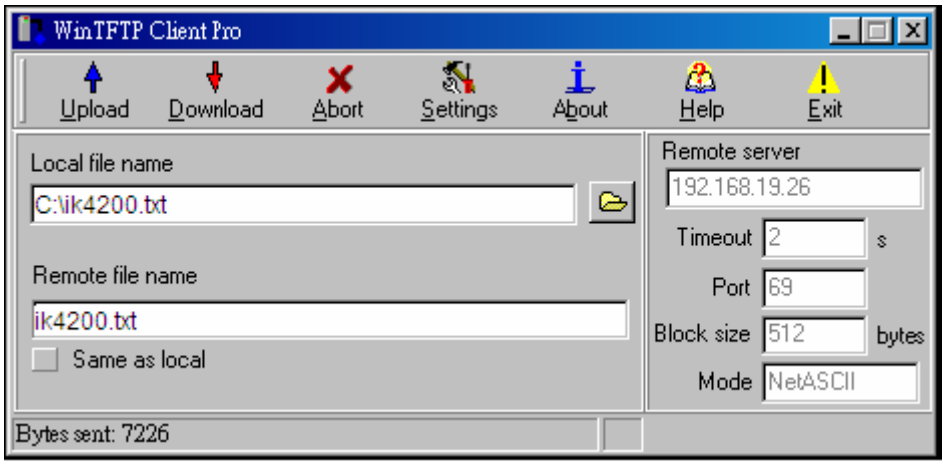
You can use TFTP in a batch file to transfer configuration files for different units. For example, you might have two configuration files that need to be copied to two different I/O devices: **ik4200_1.txt** for 192.168.127.253, and **ik4200_2.txt** for 192.168.127.254. A batch file could be written as follows:

tftp 192.168.127.253 put ik4200_1.txt ik4200.txt

tftp 192.168.127.254 put ik4200_2.txt ik4200.txt

ATTENTION

You can also run TFTP client software, open the configuration file, and enter the remote I/O's IP. Note that both ASCII and Octet mode are supported. When the download process is complete, the I/O will reboot.



Trade Mark: WinTFTP Client Pro is a trademark of WinTFTP. All rights reserved.

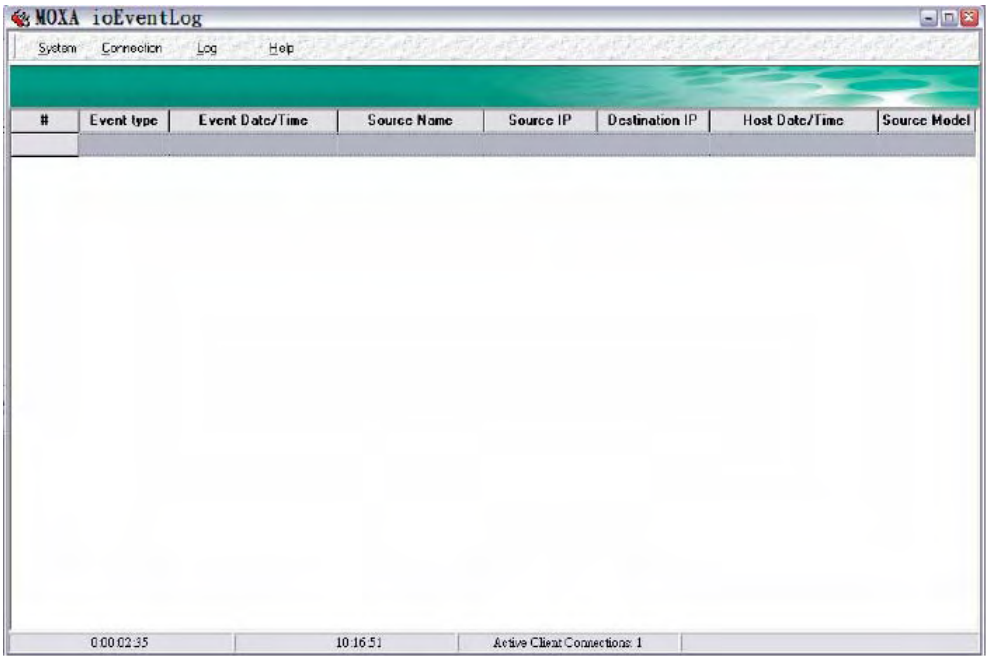
Using ioEventLog

Installing ioEventLog

ioEventLog is a Windows utility that can be used anywhere on the network to monitor the ioLogik E4200.

1. Installation from CD: Insert the Document and Software CD into the host computer. Run SETUP.EXE, which is located in the .. \software\ioEventLog directory. The installation program will guide you through the installation process and install the ioEventLog utility.
2. Open ioEventLog: After installation is finished, run ioEventLog from **Start → Program Files → MOXA → IO Server → Utility → ioEventLog**.

3. You will the see the main window as below.



Basic Functions

ioEventLog is installed along with ioAdmin from the Document and Software CD. It is designed to help you keep a record of ioLogik status events over the network. The log is stored on the Windows PC. You will need to set up your ioLogik to send status events to the PC's IP address. The following events are monitored:

- cold start
- warm start

For each event, the following information is provided. The log can be sorted by any of seven fields:

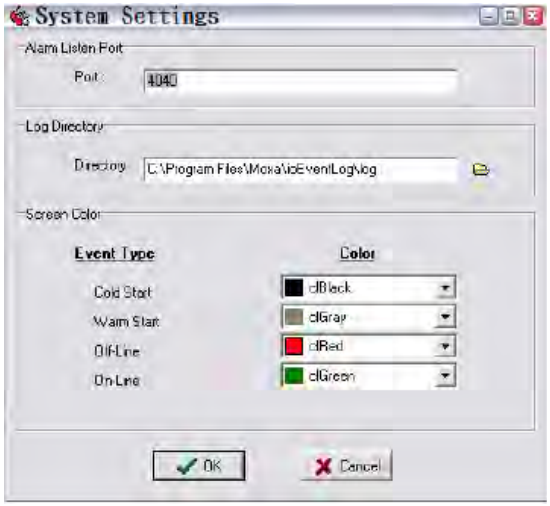
Main Menu

System

In the System menu, select Settings to configure ioEventLog.

The Alarm Listen Port is the TCP port number that will be monitored for status events. You can modify this setting as necessary to receive signals through a firewall. It will need to match the settings for the ioLogik that is being monitored. The Log Directory is where the log files will be stored. The default directory is C:\Program Files\Moxa\ioEventLog\log. A separate log file is created for each day, with file names assigned automatically.

You can also select the color of each event type in the log.



Connection

Checking Connected Devices

You can see which I/O devices are already connected to ioEventLog by selecting Connected Device List from the Connection menu.

Log

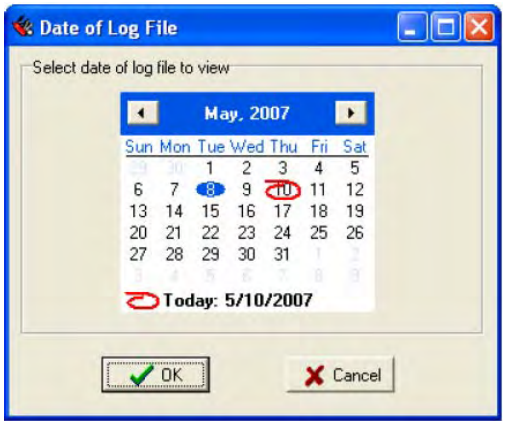
Opening Log Files

You can view previously saved logs by selecting Open from the Log menu. You will be prompted for the data that you wish to view.

The logs for the selected day will be displayed.

Clearing the Log

If you wish to clear the log, you can select Clear from Log menu. This will clear all events for the current day. The cleared events will not be saved in that day's logs. After the logs are cleared, new events will be displayed and recorded as usual.


Date of Log File
Select date of log file to view
May, 2007
Sun Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat
1 2 3 4 5
6 7 8 9 10 11 12
13 14 15 16 17 18 19
20 21 22 23 24 25 26
27 28 29 30 31
Today: 5/10/2007
OK
Cancel

Help

Check the information of ioEventLog here, including version.

4

Using the Built-in Web Console

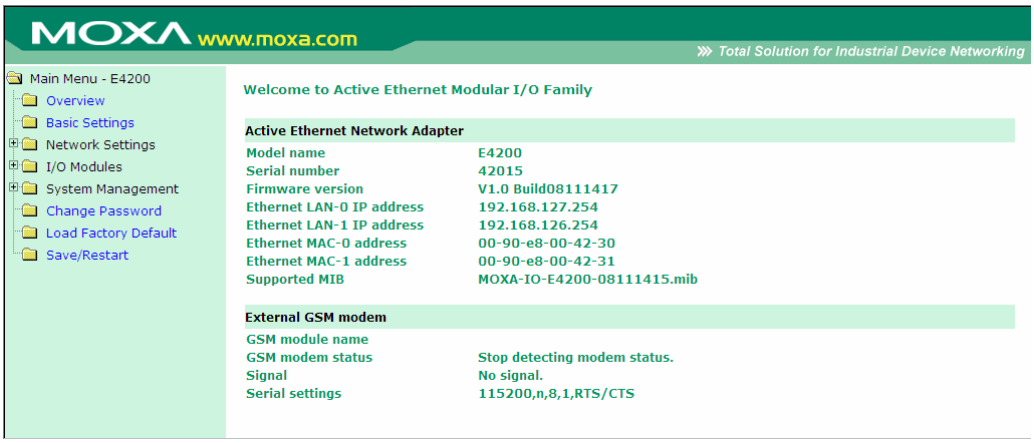
This chapter introduces built-in web console when monitoring the ioLogik Active Ethernet modular I/O system.

The following topics are covered:

- **Overview for ioLogik E4200**
- **Entering the Web Console**
- **Overview**
- **Basic Settings**
- **Network Settings**
- **I/O Module**
- **System Management**
- **Change password**
- **Load Factory Default**
- **Save/Restart**

Overview for ioLogik E4200

The ioLogik Active Ethernet modular I/O web console is a browser-based configuration utility built into the ioLogik E4200. When the ioLogik Active Ethernet modular I/O is connected to your network, you may enter the I/O's IP address in your web browser to access the web console. Note that although most configuration options are available in the web console, some settings are only available through Modular ioAdmin. Furthermore, the web console can be disabled under Web Access Settings in Modular ioAdmin. If you are unable to access the web console, check the Web Access Settings in Modular ioAdmin.



The left panel is the navigation panel and contains an expandable menu tree for navigating among the various settings and categories. When you click on a menu item in the navigation panel, the main window will display the corresponding options for that item. Configuration changes can then be made in the main window. For example, if you click on **Basic Settings** in the navigation panel, the main window will show a page of basic settings that you can configure.

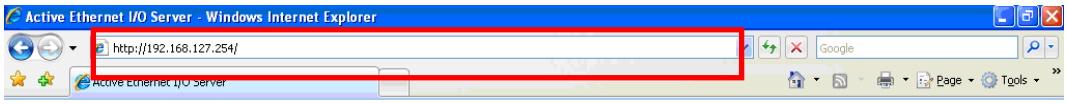
You must click on the **Submit** button after making configuration changes. The **Submit** button will be located at the bottom of every page that has configurable settings. If you navigate to another page without clicking the **Submit** button, your changes will not be retained. **Submitted changes will not take effect until they are saved and the ioLogik E4200 is restarted!**

You may save and restart the ioLogik in one step by clicking on the **Save/Restart** button after you submit a change. If you need to make several changes before restarting, you may save your changes without restarting by selecting **Save** in the navigation panel. If you restart the ioLogik E4200 without saving your configuration, the ioLogik E4200 will discard all submitted changes.

Entering the Web Console

Modular ioAdmin utility is the main configuration interface for the ioLogik Active Ethernet modular I/O. However, for the ioLogik E4200 Active Ethernet network adaptor's web console, information for basic system status is available.

Enter the IP address of the Active Ethernet Modular I/O in Internet Explorer.



The default IP listed as below:

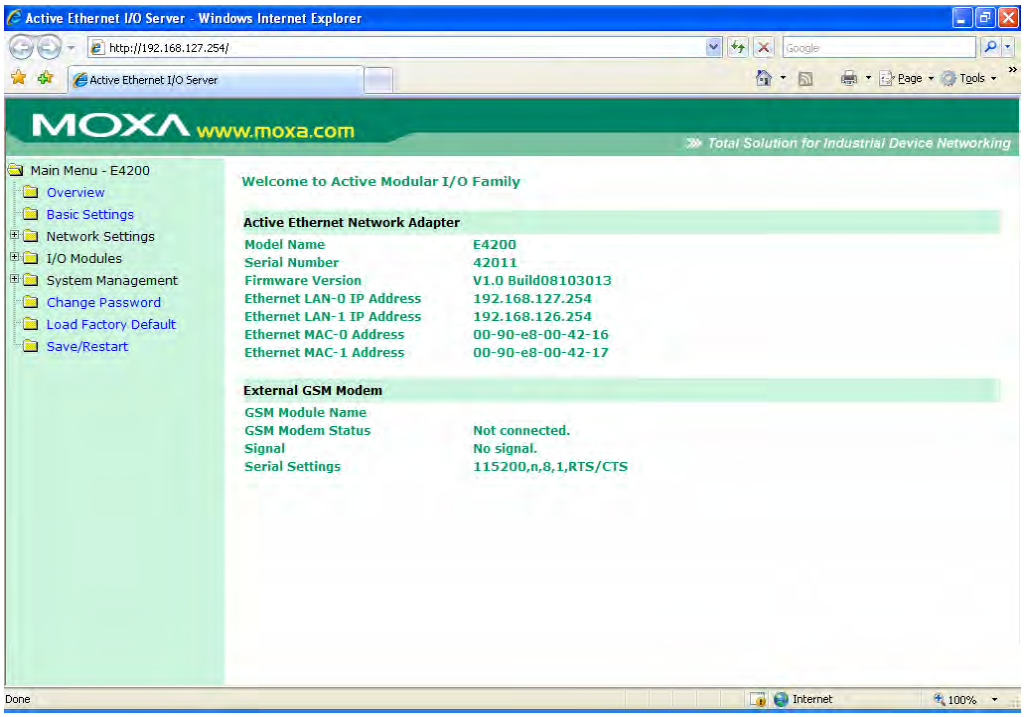
LAN Port	Default IP Address	Default Netmask	Default Gateway
LAN 0	192.168.127.254	255.255.255.0	None
LAN 1	192.168.126.254	255.255.255.0	None

Overview

When you log into the web console with the ioLogik E4200 IP address, you will see the welcome page. The page includes basic information for the ioLogik E4200 such as network adaptor model name, serial number, firmware version, and IP and MAC addresses. It also shows you the information of the GSM modem and status.

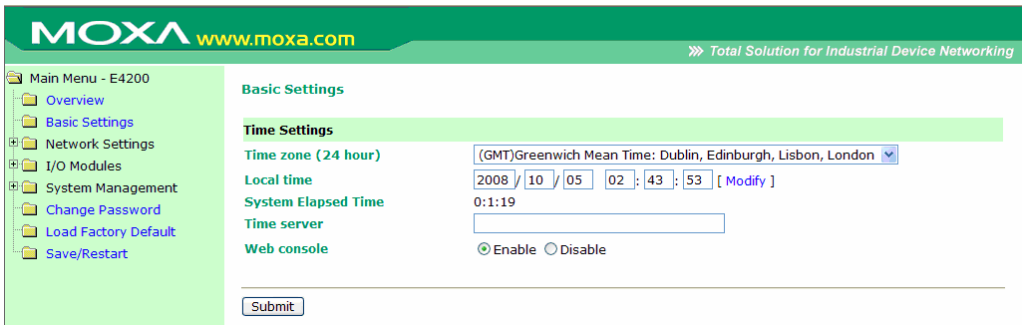
ATTENTION

The web console only supports Moxa OnCell 2110 and 2150 GPRS modem.
Also, auto detection is only available for the GSM modem when using SMS in the Click&Go ruleset. The default serial baud rate is 115,200 bps, and parameters are N, 8, 1.



Basic Settings

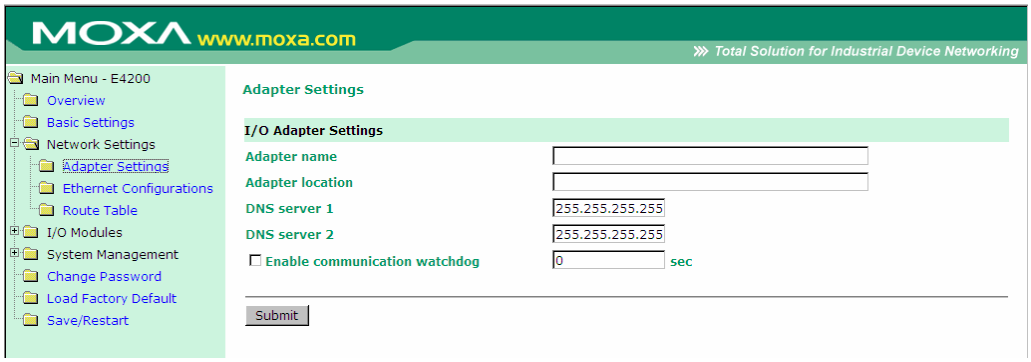
On the Basic Settings page, you may set the ioLogik E4200's system time or provide the IP address of a time server for time synchronization.



Network Settings

Adaptor settings

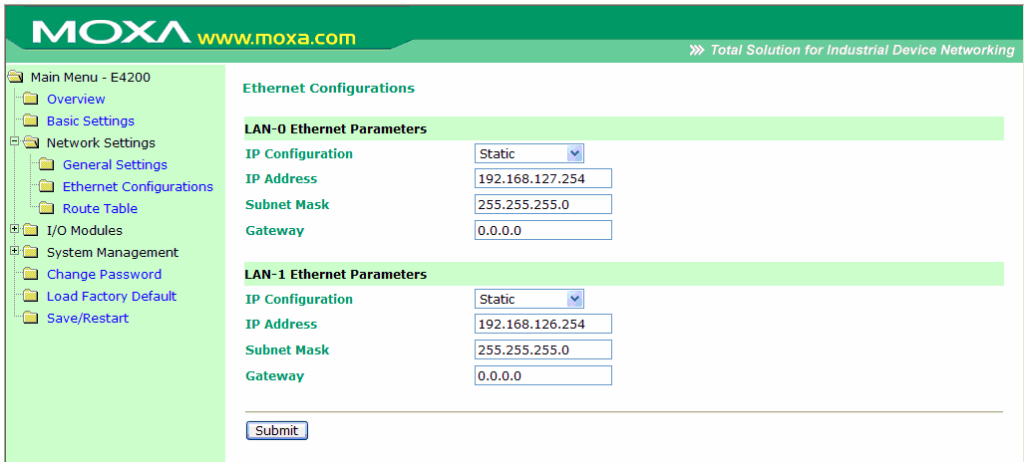
On the Adaptor Settings page, you may assign an adaptor name and location to assist you in differentiating between different network adaptors. You may also enable the Host Communication Watchdog and define the timeout value.



The Host Connection Watchdog activates Safe Status when the ioLogik E4200 loses its network connection for the specified amount of time. By default, the Watchdog is disabled. When the Watchdog is enabled and a timeout occurs, the ioLogik E4200 will enter Safe Status. You may use Modular ioAdmin to configure how each output channel responds under that channel's Safe Status settings. To enable the Watchdog, check off **Enable connection watchdog**, set the timeout value, and restart the I/O system. With Watchdog enabled, the ioLogik E4200 will enter Safe Status after there is disruption in communication that exceeds the specified time.

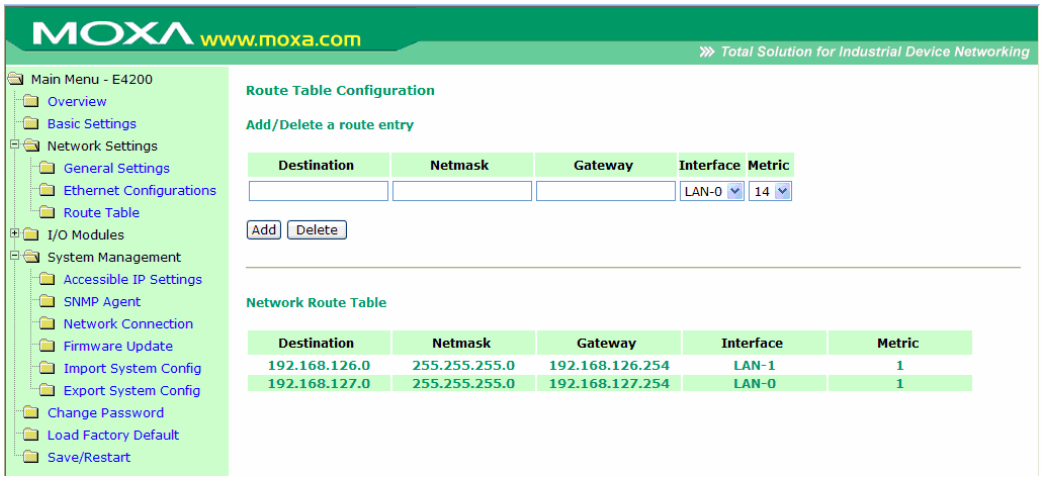
Ethernet Configuration

On the Ethernet Configuration page, you may set up a static or dynamic IP address for the ioLogik I/O system, as well as the subnet mask and gateway address.



Route Table

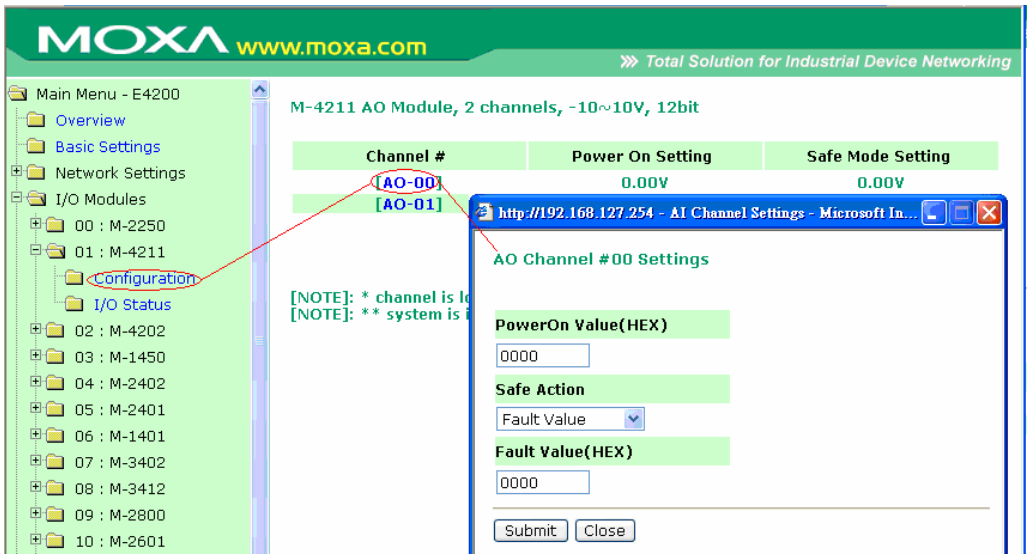
The ioLogik E4200 equips two independent Ethernet ports (two MACs, two IPs). Appropriate routing is needed to make sure the network works properly. You can define your network route table through the network administrator.



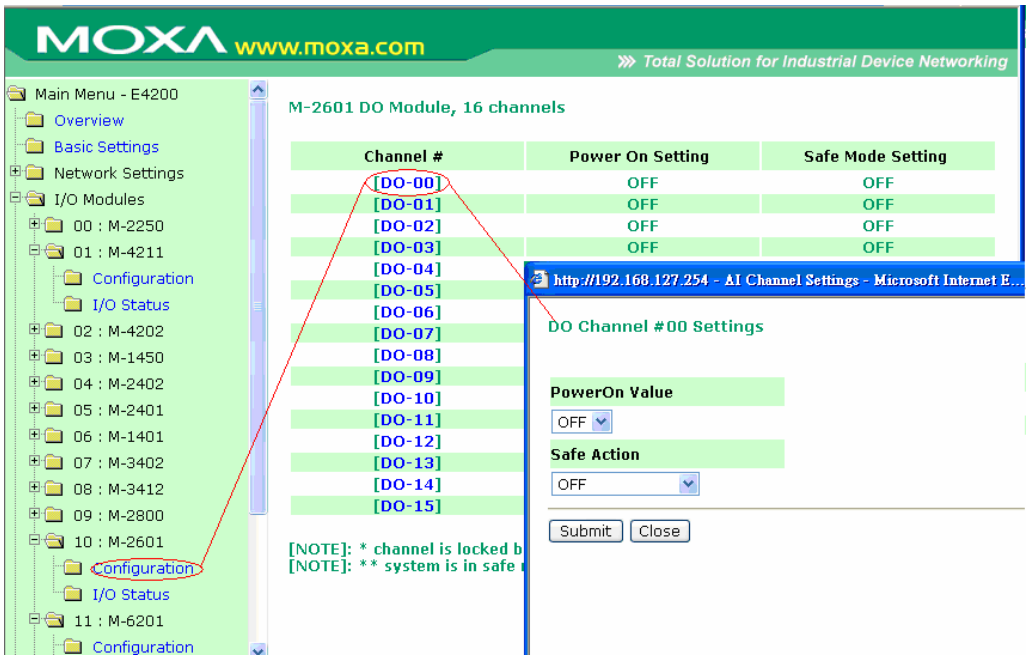
I/O Module

On this page, you can find the modules you installed in this I/O system. They are displayed in sequence according to the module Name you installed. With different modules, you are allowed to configure various channels. For details, please refer to Chapter 3.

For example, configuring and Analog Output channel:



For example, configuring a Digital Output channel:



You may use the **PowerOn Value** field to specify the channel's setting when the ioLogik system is powered on, and the **Safe Status Setting** field to specify channel's setting when the ioLogik system enters Safe Status. Note that Safe Status is controlled by the Host Connection Watchdog, which is disabled by default. If the Host Connection Watchdog is disabled, the ioLogik system will never enter Safe Status and your Safe Status settings will have no effect.

System Management

Accessible IP Settings

You may add a specific address or range of addresses (up to 10) by using a combination of IP address and netmask, as follows:

To allow access to a specific IP address

Enter the IP address in the corresponding field; enter **255.255.255.255** for the netmask.

To allow access to hosts on a specific subnet

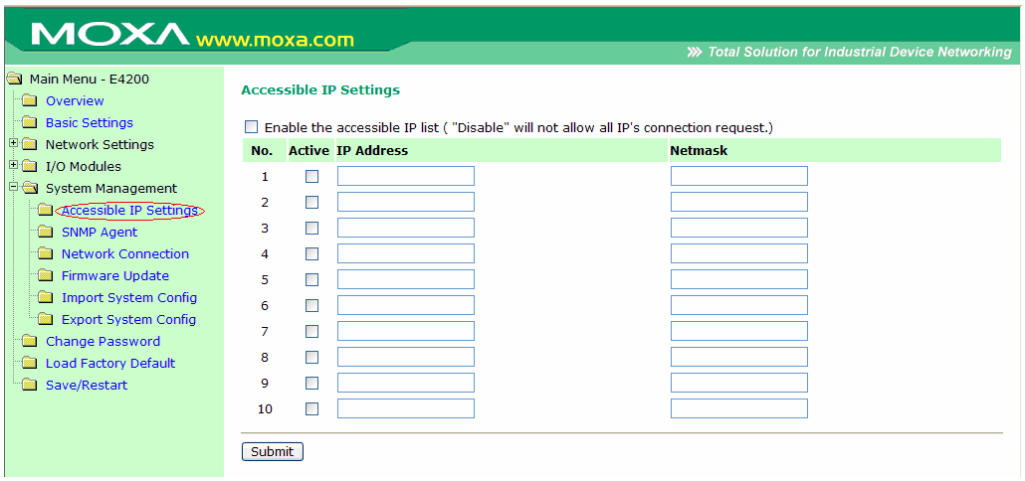
For both the IP address and netmask, use **0** for the last digit (e.g., **192.168.1.0** and **255.255.255.0**).

To allow unrestricted access

Deselect the **Enable the accessible IP list** option.

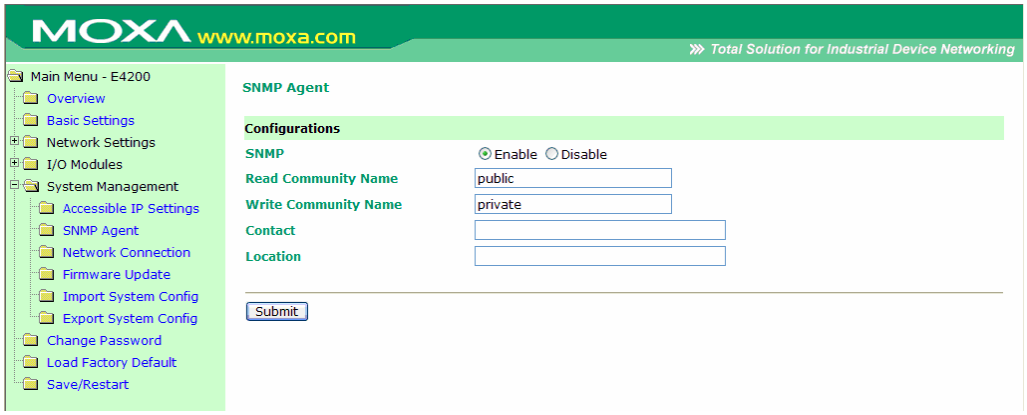
Refer to the following table for additional configuration examples.

Allowed Hosts	IP Address/Netmask
Any host	Disable
192.168.1.120	192.168.1.120 / 255.255.255.255
192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.254	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0
192.168.0.1 to 192.168.255.254	192.168.0.0 / 255.255.0.0
192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.126	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.128
192.168.1.129 to 192.168.1.254	192.168.1.128 / 255.255.255.128



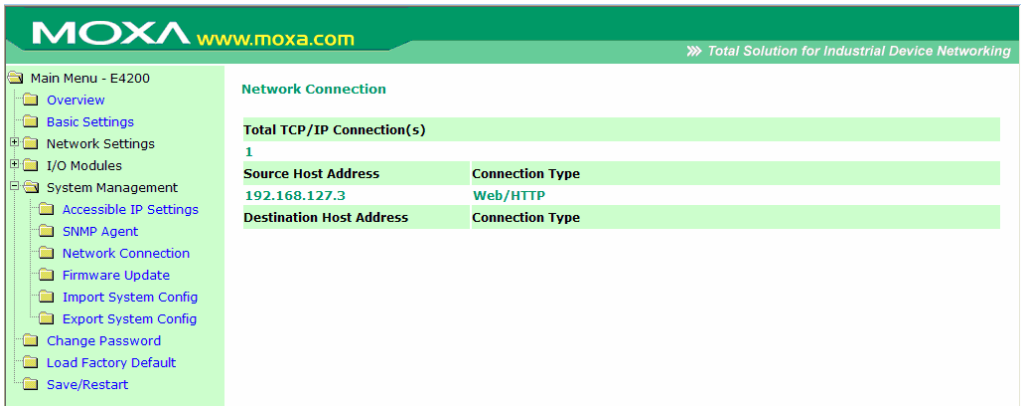
SNMP Agent

On the SNMP Agent page, you may enable SNMP and set the read and write community strings. The ioLogik E4200 provides SNMPv2 (Simple Network Management Protocol) to allow monitoring of network and I/O devices with SNMP Network Management software. It is useful in building automation and telecom applications.



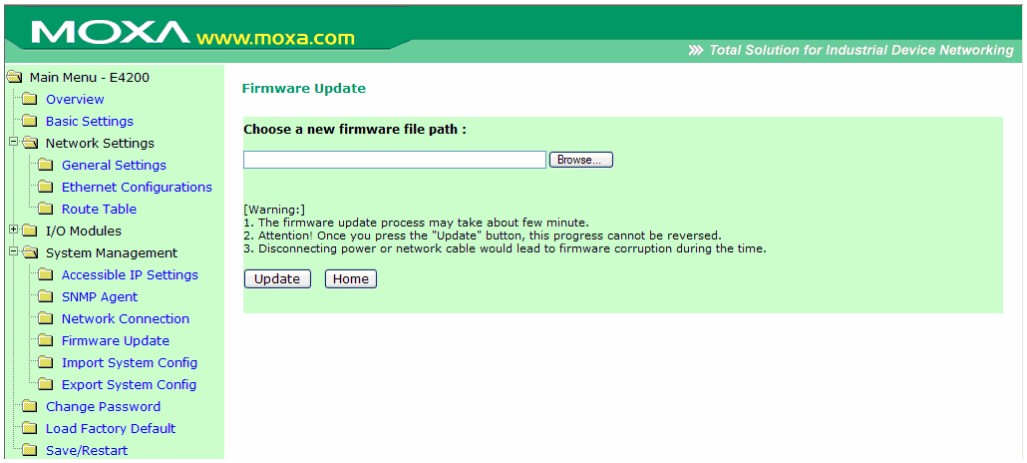
Network Connection

On the Network Connection page, you may view the TCP connections from other hosts. This may assist you in the management of your devices.



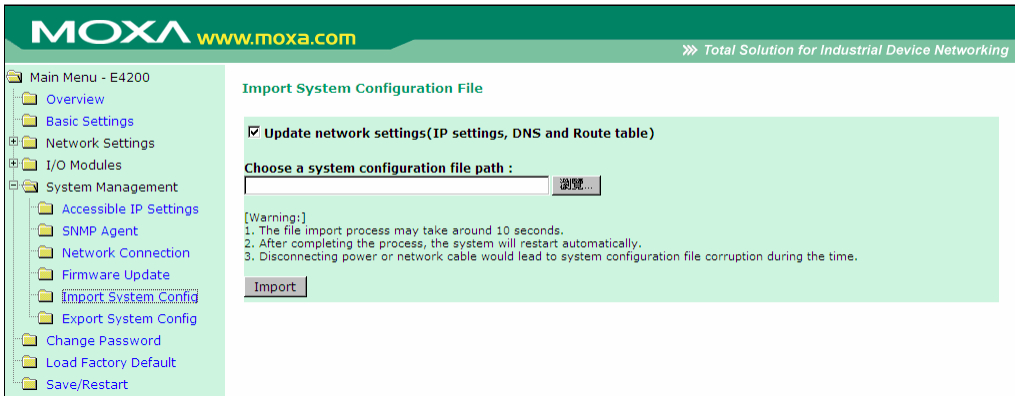
Firmware Update

On the Firmware Update page, you may load new or updated firmware onto the ioLogik.



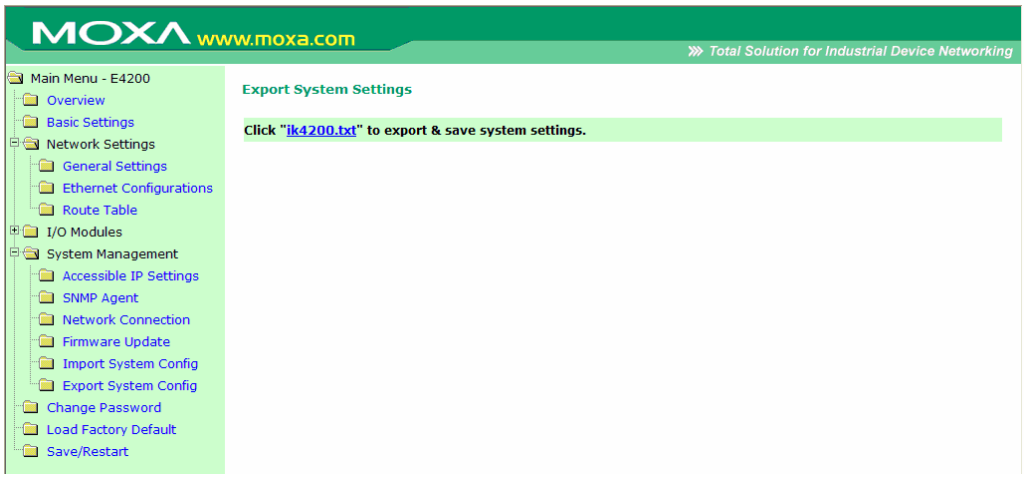
Import System Config

On the Import System Config page, you may import a configuration onto the ioLogik system. The configuration file can be generated by ioAdmin or through the web console. This function can be used to duplicate settings between ioLogik systems. You will be prompted for the location of the configuration file (i.e., "ik4200.txt") and if you wish to overwrite network settings.


MOXA www.moxa.com
Total Solution for Industrial Device Networking
Main Menu - E4200
Overview
Basic Settings
Network Settings
I/O Modules
System Management
Accessible IP Settings
SNMP Agent
Network Connection
Firmware Update
Import System Config
Export System Config
Change Password
Load Factory Default
Save/Restart
Import System Configuration File
Update network settings(IP settings, DNS and Route table)
Choose a system configuration file path :
[Warning:]
1. The file import process may take around 10 seconds.
2. After completing the process, the system will restart automatically.
3. Disconnecting power or network cable would lead to system configuration file corruption during the time.
Import

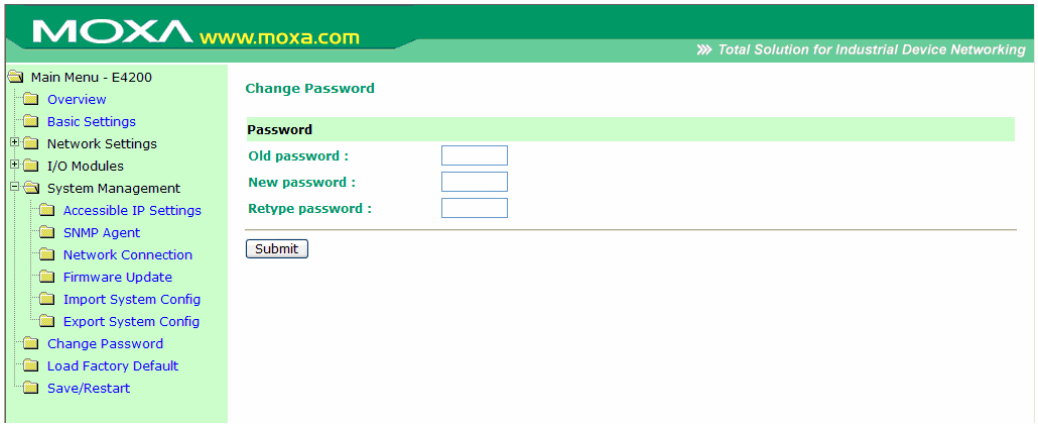
Export System Config

On the Export System Config page, you may click the file name "ik4200.txt" to save the ioLogik's configuration into a file for backup or import into another ioLogik system. Note that the system will specify the file name with "ik4200.txt"



Change password

For all changes to the ioLogik E4200's password protection settings, you will first need to enter the existing password. Leave this blank if you are setting up password protection for the first time. To set up a new password or change the existing password, enter your desired password under both New password and Confirm password. To remove password protection, leave the New password and Confirm password fields blank.



ATTENTION

If you forget the password, the ONLY way to configure the ioLogik E4200 is by using the reset button to load the factory defaults.
Before you set a password for the first time, it is a good idea to export the configuration to a file when you have finished setting up your ioLogik E4200. Your configuration can then be easily imported back into the ioLogik E4200 if you need to reset the ioLogik E4200 due to a forgotten password or for other reasons.

Load Factory Default

This function will reset all of the ioLogik E4200's settings to the factory default values. All previous settings including the console password will be lost.

Save/Restart

If you change the configuration, do not forget to reboot the system.

5

Click&Go Introduction

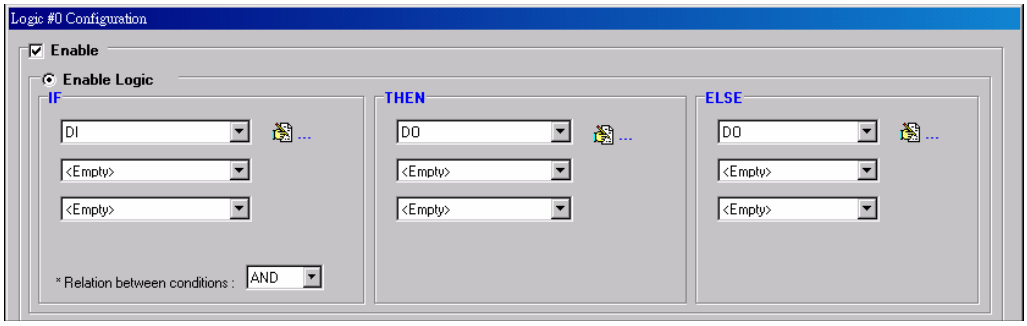
Click&Go logic was developed by Moxa to provide an easy way to set your ioLogik E4200 for Active I/O messaging. In this chapter, we will show you how Click&Go logic works and how to use it to develop your Active I/O messaging program.

The following topics are covered:

- **Overview**
- **Features**
- **Click&Go Logic Basics**
- **Working with Rules**
  - Developing Your Logic Rules
- **Define Global Variables**
- **IF/THEN/ELSE Statement**
  - IF Conditions
  - THEN/ELSE Actions
- **Working with Click&Go Rulesets**
  - Activating the Ruleset
  - Ruleset Management Bar
  - Ruleset Import/Export

Overview

Everybody can be a programmer! Moxa's Click&Go event-based control logic for the ioLogik Active Ethernet I/O eliminates the cumbersome programming generally required for data acquisition, alarm messaging, and local control tasks. No knowledge of C-language or PLC ladder is required for field applications. Instead, users familiar with IF-THEN-ELSE statements will have no problem understanding the Click&Go interface and will be able to control I/O channels and alarm messaging after a few simple steps. The configuration utility also makes the control process easy to define and configure. Simply download the logic to the ioLogik Active Ethernet I/O device and Click&Go will be ready-to-go in no time. Click&Go performs various functions including local I/O status, remote output control, alarm generation and messaging, and event-driven or time-based I/O status reporting. Click&Go eliminates the need for host computers to continually poll I/O devices for status. Instead, the device itself is able to monitor the status of each I/O device and take the appropriate action when the I/O status satisfies a user-defined condition. For example, users may need to configure the ioLogik to send a TCP/UDP message only when the switch attached to DI-0 is turned on. This event-based structure results in a much improved response time and a much reduced load on the host computer's CPU and on network bandwidth. Simple IF–THEN–ELSE statements are used to specify conditions that are required for certain actions to take place. Up to three conditions, three actions and three opposite actions (ELSE) can be combined in a rule, and you can define up to 80 rules. Supported actions include sending SNMP traps or TCP/UDP messages to up to 10 hosts at a time.



The ioLogik E4200's Active Ethernet I/O system eliminates the need for host computers to continually poll I/O devices for status. Instead, the ioLogik itself is able to monitors the status of each I/O channel and take the appropriate action when the I/O status satisfies a user-defined condition. For example, the ioLogik E4200 could be configured to send a TCP/UDP message only when a temperature sensor attached to TC-00 channel reports a reading of 85°C. This structure results in a much improved response time and a much reduced load on the host computer's CPU and on network bandwidth.

Click&Go Logic was developed to provide an easy and intuitive way to configure when and how I/O information is transmitted over the network. Using simple IF-Then-Else statements, you set the conditions that need to be satisfied and the resulting actions. Up to three conditions and three actions can be combined in any one rule, and up to 80 rules can be defined in a ruleset. Each SNMP trap, TCP/UDP message, up to 10 hosts, and SMS can be transmitted to up to 5 hosts simultaneously.

Features

Click&Go logic's key features are as follows:

80 Rules for Intuitive IF-THEN-ELSE Style Logic

Users do not require any programming experience to use Click&Go. The easy and straightforward IF-THEN-ELSE programming style greatly simplifies the development and installation of I/O applications. With 80F-THEN-ELSE rules pre-installed and up to 3 IF conditions and 3 THEN/ELSE outputs or network actions per rule, Click&Go is suitable for most remote monitoring and alarm applications.

Local Monitoring and Local Intelligence

Click&Go can continually monitor the local I/O status for each input channel, trigger the status, or direct it to local output channels.

Remote Control and Control by Remote

Click&Go is capable of accepting control commands from a remote host or an ioLogik. In addition, it can send out commands to remotely control another ioLogik.

Time-stamped Active Messaging

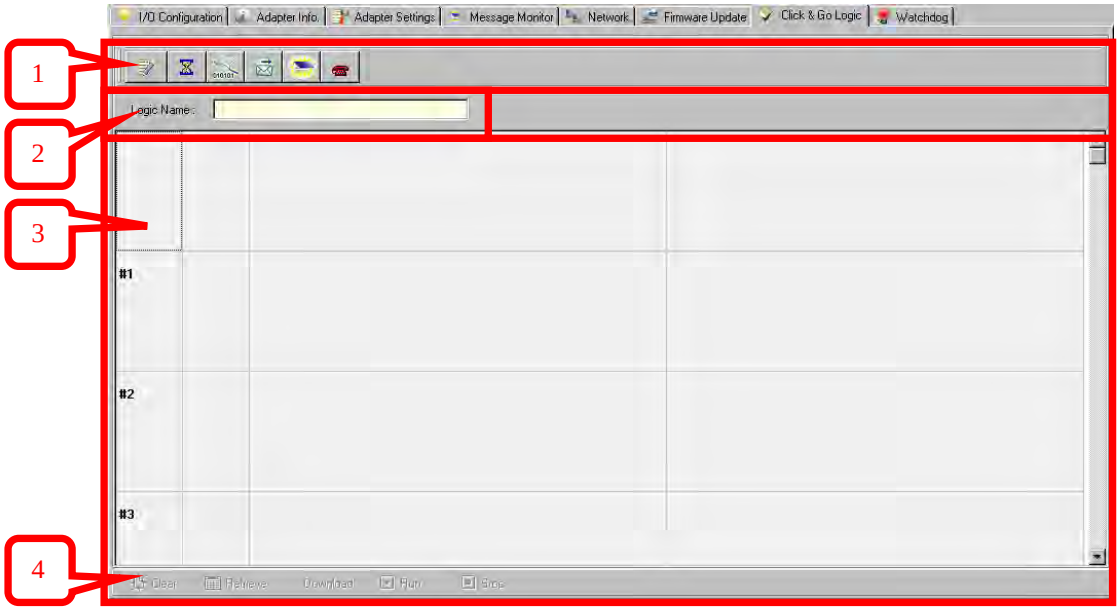
All alarms, messages, e-mail notices, and TCP, UDP, SNMP traps, and SMS are time-stamped with the exact time of the events.

Unicode Active Messaging

All alarms, messages, e-mail notices, and TCP, UDP, SNMP traps, and SMS can be defined in different languages based on the events' context.

Click&Go Logic Basics

To use Click&Go logic, open Modular ioAdmin and log on as an administrator on the Adaptor Settings tab. Once you are logged on, go to the Click&Go logic tab. It should appear as follows:

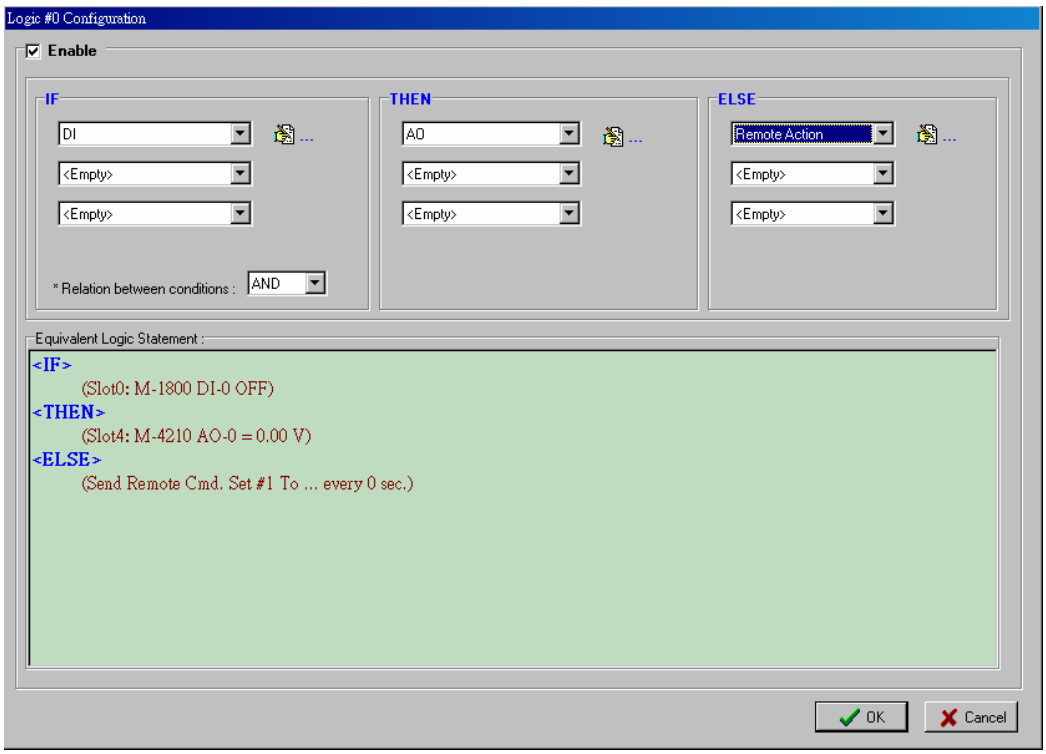


1. **Global Variables:** In this field, you can assign variables for all rules used.
2. **Logic Name**: In this field, you can assign a name for the set of rules.
3. **Rules List**: In this area, each rule's conditions, actions, and status are displayed.
4. **Ruleset Management Bar**: In this area, you manage the ruleset

Working with Rules

Rules are the building blocks of your Active Ethernet I/O system. With rules, you define the exact trigger conditions for transmission of I/O information as well as the content and destination of that information. Output channel operation can also be automated based on input channel trigger conditions.

In the main screen, you will see the list of rules in the current ruleset. Double click on a rule to open that rule's configuration window, or double click on an empty rule to start a new rule.



Under Relation between conditions, select AND to specify that all conditions must be satisfied for the actions to take place; select OR to specify that any one of the conditions can be satisfied for the actions to take place.

The configuration window is where the rule is defined. Basic IF-THEN-ELSE logic is used to set up event-based triggers.

The Equivalent Logic Statement at the bottom shows a real-time text-based summary of the rule that you are defining. It can be a useful way to make sure that the rule is designed as you intended.

ATTENTION

The unit of measurement and alias name of I/O channel is defined on the I/O configuration tab. When an I/O channel is being used in a Click&Go logic rule, the channel's range, units, and alias name can not be modified.
It is strongly recommended to configure these parameters for the used I/O channel before performing any further configuration or programming.

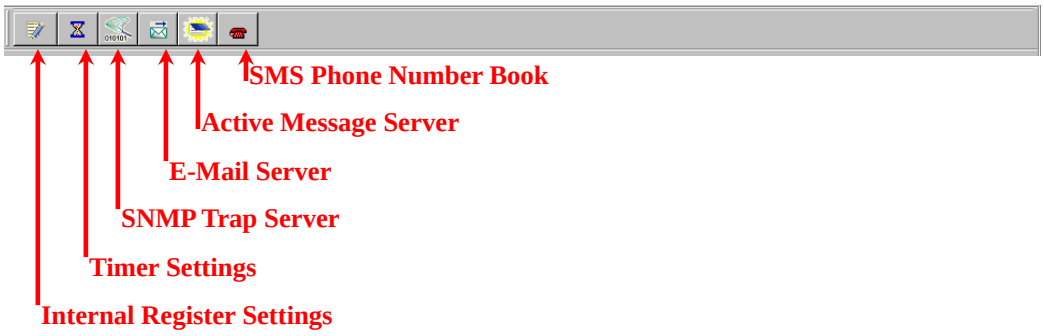
Developing Your Logic Rules

Each rule consists of three columns. The "IF" column defines I/O conditions, the "THEN" and "ELSE" column defines actions. When the ioLogik detects that the IF conditions have been satisfied, the THEN or ELSE actions will be performed.

After searching and setting up the IP address for an ioLogik Active Ethernet device, Click&Go logic can be developed by following the procedures below:

Define Global Variables

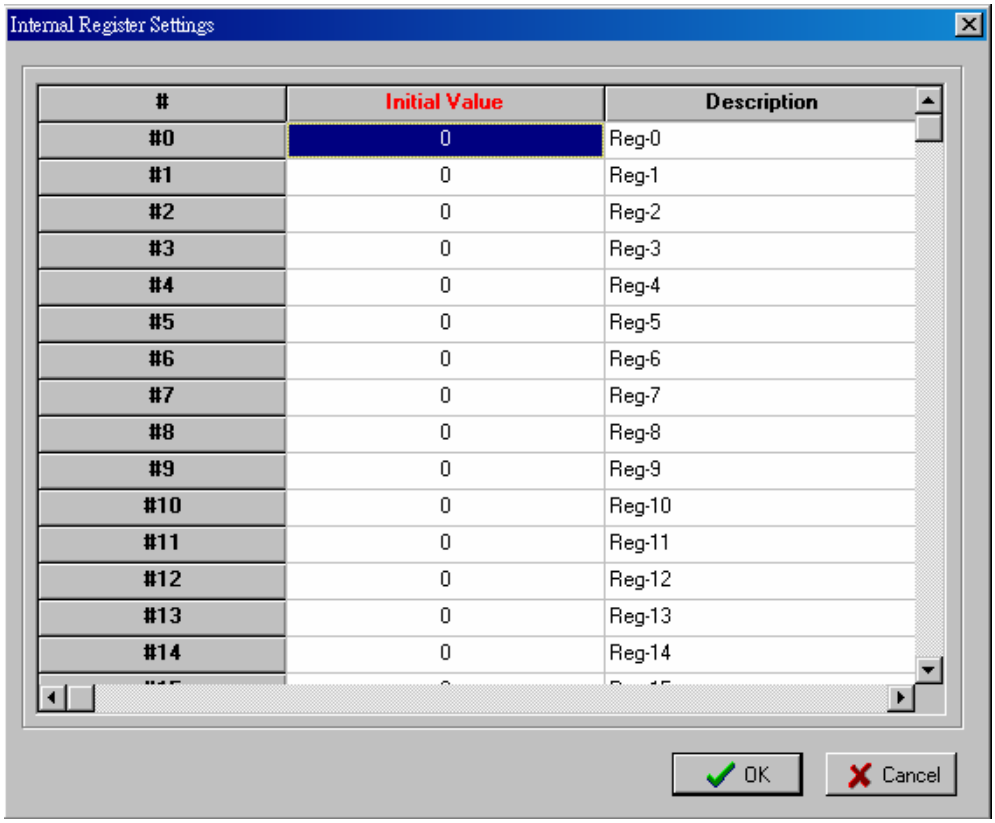
Global Variables include the settings of "Internal Register Settings", "Timer Settings", "SNMP Trap Server", "E-Mail Server" and "Active Message Server" and "SMS Phone Number Book". If these functions are going to be used in Click&Go ruleset, default configuration must first be set in the Global Variable Menu Bar.



Internal Register Settings

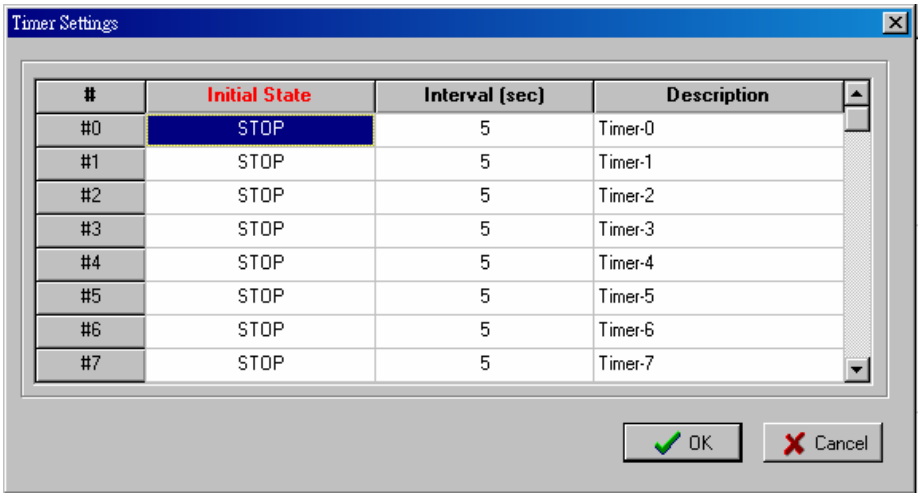
Internal Register is a flag that can be used with the Click&Go logic internally or externally. It allows you to control output channel which used in Click&Go rule from remotely site. It is useful for database control system, such as door access system. The 80 sets of the internal registers can be polled and controlled by a SCADA software using standard Modbus/TCP format, or be implemented to redirect the result of one Click&Go logic to another.

The default value of an internal register is "0". There are 80 Internal Registers, Reg-0 to Reg-79, which can be assigned values from 0 to 255. Detailed Modbus addressed can be retrieved from Modular ioAdmin's exported Modbus Table.



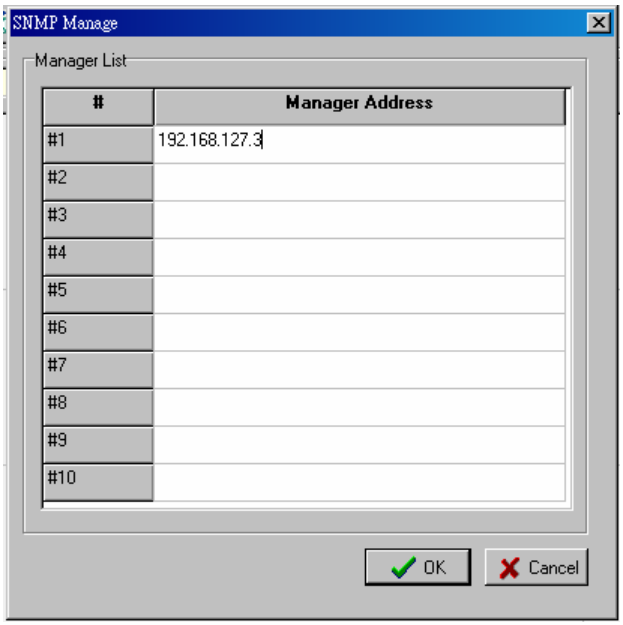
Timer Settings

The **Timer** function allows users to delay an action, to trigger an action to run, or repeat an action. A timer is activated by a change of the logic event. After the timed interval has expired, the output will be performed. There are 80 timers that can be implemented in the Click&Go logic, and the default value of their interval is set to "5 seconds" at the "STOP" state. Configure the interval before using them. If default state is set to "START", timer will start when the Click&Go logic is activated. There are 80 Timers, Timer-0 to Timer-79, which can be assigned an initial status of either "START" or "STOP".


Timer Settings
| Initial State | Interval (sec) | Description
#0 | STOP | 5 | Timer-0
#1 | STOP | 5 | Timer-1
#2 | STOP | 5 | Timer-2
#3 | STOP | 5 | Timer-3
#4 | STOP | 5 | Timer-4
#5 | STOP | 5 | Timer-5
#6 | STOP | 5 | Timer-6
#7 | STOP | 5 | Timer-7
OK
Cancel

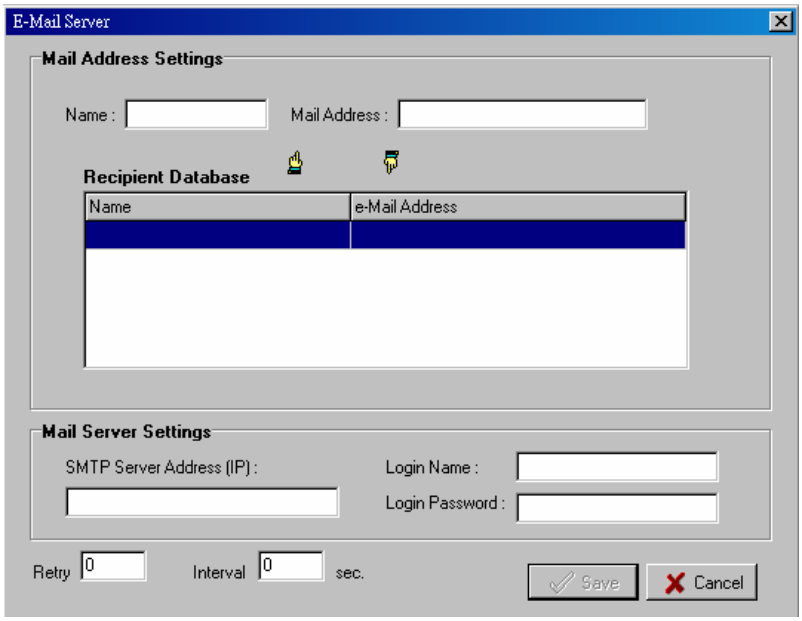
SNMP Trap Server

The ioLogik Active Ethernet Modular I/O provides SNMPv2 (Simple Network Management Protocol) to allow monitoring of the network and I/O devices with SNMP Network Management software. It is useful for building automation and telecom applications. When the system information of an ioLogik is required to be monitored, or a Click &Go logic is defined to update the I/O status via SNMP traps, one or up to 10 SNMP trap servers must be defined here.

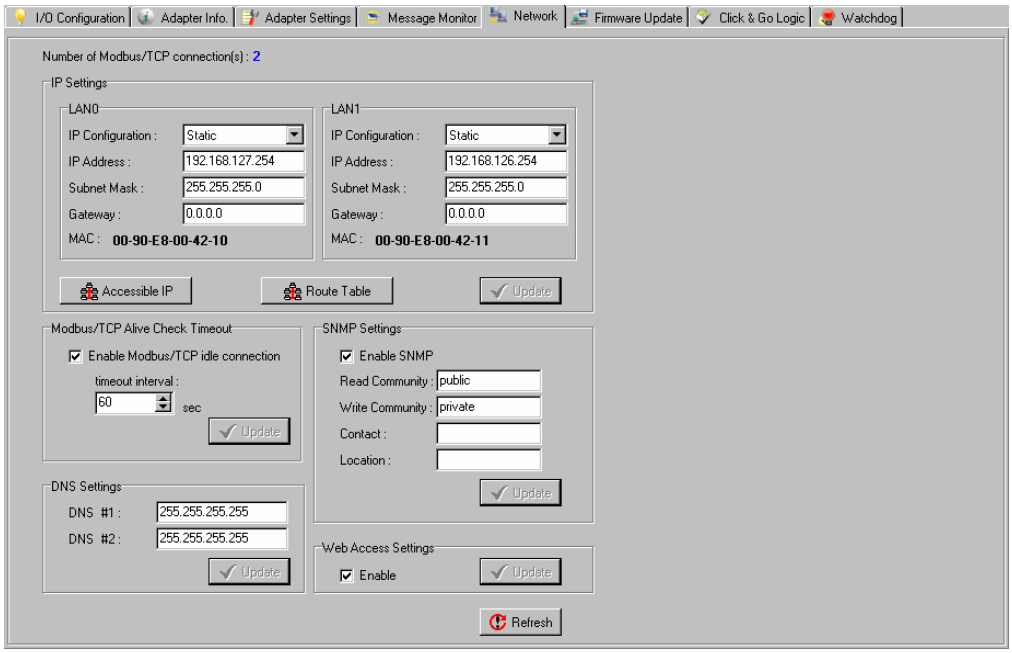


E-Mail Server

The **E-mail Server** configures the parameters of the target e-mail servers and the recipient e-mail addresses. The **Recipient Database** should contain a list of available e-mail addresses for your network environment. The e-mail message defined in the Click&Go logic will be sent to all addresses listed in the **Receiver(s) list**. To add e-mail addresses to the **Available receiver(s) list**, enter the **Name** and **Mail Address** and click **Add** finger icons to move addresses to the **Recipient Database**; use the **Remove** finger icon to remove it. Under Mail Server Settings, you must configure the address of the SMTP server with your username and password.

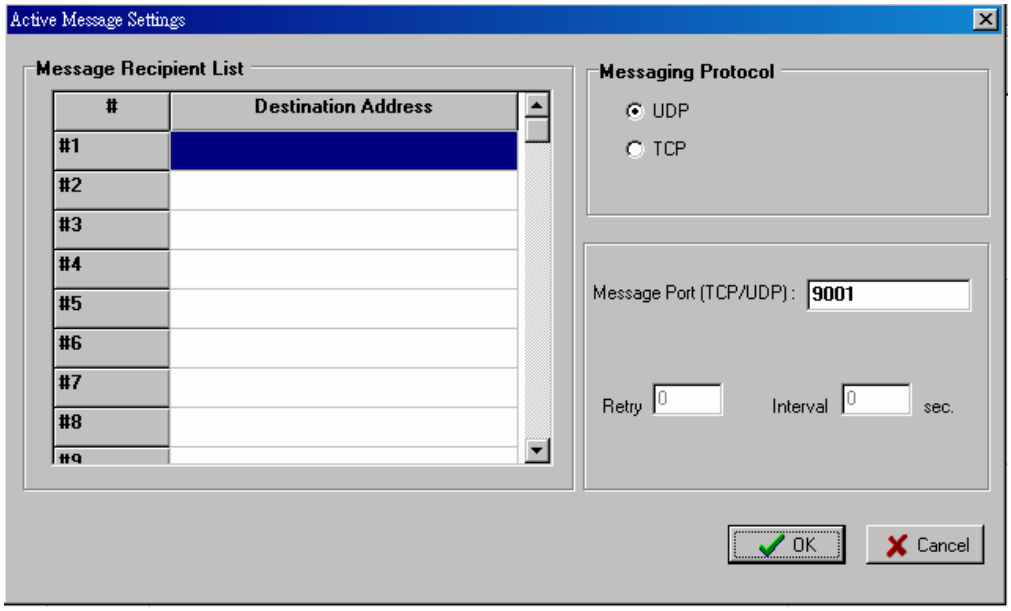


Note: When using an FQDN (Fully Qualified Domain Name) address, such as ms.moxa.com, users must specify the DNS settings in the ioLogik.



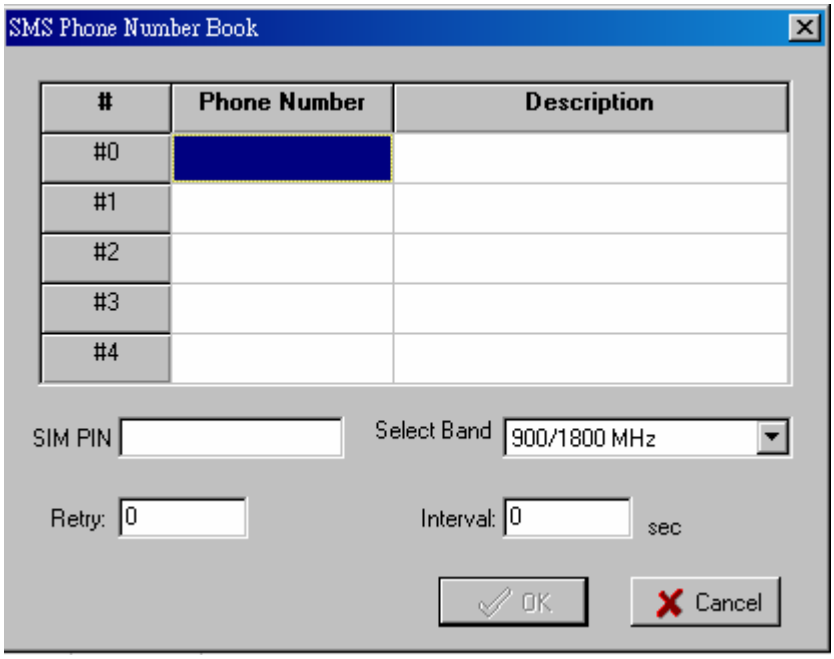
Active Message Settings

Active Message Settings configures one or more destination IP addresses of the Message Servers that receive the event messages generated by the Click&Go logic. Message protocol (TCP or UDP) and the message socket port also need to be configured here. The active message defined in the Click&Go logic will be sent to all addresses listed in the **Message Recipient List**.



SMS Phone Number Book

The **SMS Phone Number Book** configures 1 to 5 destination Phone Numbers that receive the SMS event messages generated by the Click&Go logic. The active message defined in the Click&Go logic will be sent to all phone numbers listed in the **Phone Number List**



IF/THEN/ELSE Statement

Rules are the building blocks of your ioLogik system. With rules, you define the exact trigger conditions for transmission of I/O information as well as the content and destination of that information.

Click&Go Logic can be defined with the following manners:

IF "A" **THEN** "B", **ELSE** "C"

For one control logic rule, there are three "A's" that can be configured. "A" refers to the IF conditions that trigger an action. These three conditions can be operated by "AND" or "OR" logic. All three conditions must be all true to create the positive result if operating the conditions with "AND" logic. As for the "OR" logics, one or more true condition needs to trigger the action.

A1	A2	A3	Result of AND Logic
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1

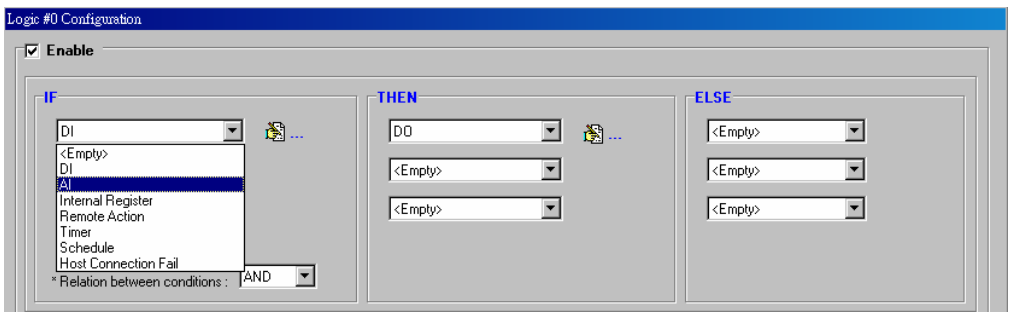
A1	A2	A3	Result of OR Logic
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1

All 80 rules are defined individually and executed one by one in a loop. The 2nd rule can only be processed after running the 1st rule and the entire ruleset will be start running over again from the beginning after the last rule is processed.

You can refer to Click&Go V2 Users Manual for more detail.

IF Conditions

IF conditions are events that trigger the THEN/ELSE actions. Under the IF column, you can set up to 3 conditions that must be satisfied for the actions under the THEN/ELSE column to take place. As soon as the IF conditions are satisfied, the specified THEN/ELSE action is performed. For example, an alarm can be activated when a door is opened. Use the pull downs to specify the conditions and units of measurement (e.g. DI-0=OFF).



IF conditions can be specified as follows:

DI

DI refers to the status of a digital input channel. Edge detection can be used to refine the conditions. For example, the condition DI-0=OFF is satisfied for as long as DI-0 remains off. The condition DI-0=ON to OFF, however, is only satisfied the instant the DI-0 turns off. The transition of the status change can also be operated using the "Change" operator so it will trigger the related action whether it is ON-to-OFF or OFF-to-ON. Select the IF condition to DI and click on the property button to enter the DI Settings window.

AI

AI refers to the readings of an analog input channel. Analog input value is specified to trigger an action. Units of the value are defined by the selected analog modes (voltage or current), or the scaling results. For example, AI-0 > 15mA represents the high level of a water tank.

RTD

RTD refers to the readings of an RTD channel. RTD channels are used to measure temperature degrees. For example, an alarm should be triggered when the temperature reaches 40 degrees Celsius (RTD-0 > 40). Celsius or Fahrenheit temperature units can be selected in the I/O Configuration tab after logging in as an administrator.

TC

TC refers to the readings of a TC channel. TC channels are used to measure temperature degrees. For example, an alarm should be triggered when the temperature reaches 500 degrees Celsius (TC-0 > 500). Celsius or Fahrenheit temperature units can be selected in the I/O Configuration tab after logging in as an administrator.

Internal Register

Internal Register represents a status flag to link the status of the first logic to the second one. Mostly it will be used with the Timer function or to combine other input statuses together. The Internal Register function also allows a PC to control the ioLogik's local output when the remote output is controlled by Click&Go log (e.g., digital output, active message, e-mail and SNMP Trap). Select the IF condition for the Internal Register and click on the property button to enter the Set Internal Register window.

The **Used in:** column indicates that this Internal Register is also used in the Rule-0, which helps the user to identify the relationship between the rules. Also, the Set Internal Register button will help to define the default value of all the Internal Registers.

NOTE: Internal Registers can be controlled by Modbus/TCP protocol. Refer to the exported Modbus file for the address list for all the Internal Registers.

Remote Action

In the IF conditions, the Remote Action receives the command from one or more remote ioLogik. Specifying the ID and the source IP addresses can create an event. For example, a remote push button connected to an ioLogik can trigger a local siren. Select the IF condition for Remote Action and click on the property button to enter the Remote Action Settings window.

Timer

The Timer function can be used to control the timing of a logic rule in the IF conditions. "TIMEOUT" is the only operator here. For example, uses can delay the triggering of an action or to repeat an action periodically. Select the IF condition for Timer and click on the property button to enter the Internal Register Settings window.

The "Used in:" column indicates this Timer is also used in the Rule-0, which helps the user to identify the relationship between rules. Also the Set Timer button will help to define the default value for the Timer.

Schedule

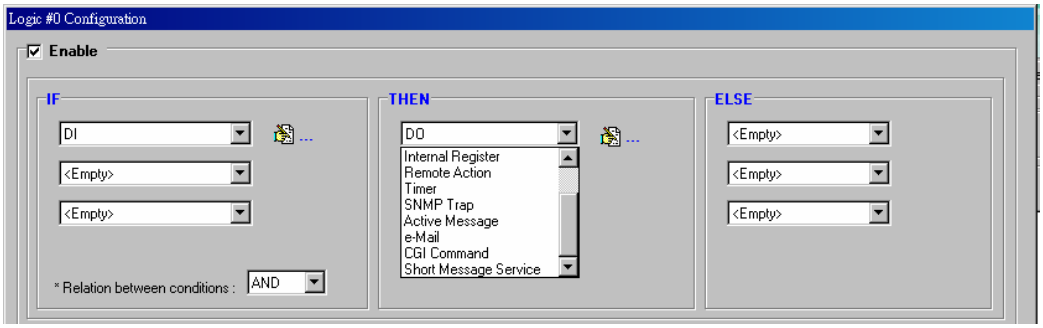
The Schedule function allows users to set a starting point or time period for a task. For example, a pump needs to start at 9: 00 PM and stop at 11:00 PM every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday. Select the IF condition to Schedule and click on the property button to enter the setting window. For recurrent actions, select the Recurrence checkbox and select the week days. If there a time period needs to be defined, specify the stop date in the range column.

Host Connection Fail

The Host Connection Fail function refers to when an ioLogik detects the timeout from a remote Modbus/TCP host and directs it to one of the IF condition of the Click&Go logic. Timeout can be used to trigger an action such as resetting the attached power line on a DO or relay channel to reboot the device. Select the IF condition for Host Connection Fail and click on the property button to enter the setting window. The condition of "Host Connection Fail" means that the two ioLogik E4200 connections were lost at same time after a specific period.

THEN/ELSE Actions

Under the THEN column, you can specify up to 3 actions that will be performed when the IF conditions are satisfied. 3 actions under the ELSE column will also be performed when the IF is NOT satisfied. Possible actions include changing the status of a DO channel, or sending a message by SNMP trap, TCP, UDP, SMS, or e-mail.



DO

DO refers to the action of controlling the local digital output channels that react to the IF conditions. Select the THEN/ELSE action to DO and click on the property button to enter the DO Settings window.

NOTE: A Relay output channel is also referred to as a DO channel in the THEN/ELSE action fields.

AO

AO refers to the local control of the analog output channels, including voltage and current. Analog output can be used to control the open angle of a valve of the movement of a solar panel.

Internal Register

The Internal Register represents a status flag to link the status of the first logic to the second one by specifying other actions in the THEN/ELSE fields. Value from 0 to 255 can be configured here. Select the THEN/ELSE action to Internal Register and click on the property button to enter the Internal Register Settings window. In the above figure, the "Used in:" column indicates that this Internal Register is also used in the Rule-0, which helps the user to identify the relationship between the rules. Also the Set Internal Register button will help to define the default value of all the registers.

NOTE: Internal Register can be controlled by Modbus/TCP protocol, refer to the appendix for the address list for all the Internal Registers.

Remote Action

When responding to a proper IF condition, Remote Action in the THEN/ELSE action fields sends out a specific command ID to the remote ioLogik creating the remote IF condition. Select the THEN/ELSE action for Remote Action and click on the property button to enter the Remote Action Settings window. After specifying the command ID, click on the Remote IP button to fill in the target ioLogik IP addresses.

Timer

The Timer function can be used to control the time settings of a logic rule. Actions such as "START", "STOP", and "RESTART" can be configured here. Select the IF condition to Timer and click on the property button to enter the Internal Register Settings window. In the above figure, the "Used in:" column indicates this Timer is also used in the Rule-0, which helps the user to identify the relationship between the rules. Also, the Set Timer button will help to define the default value for the Timer.

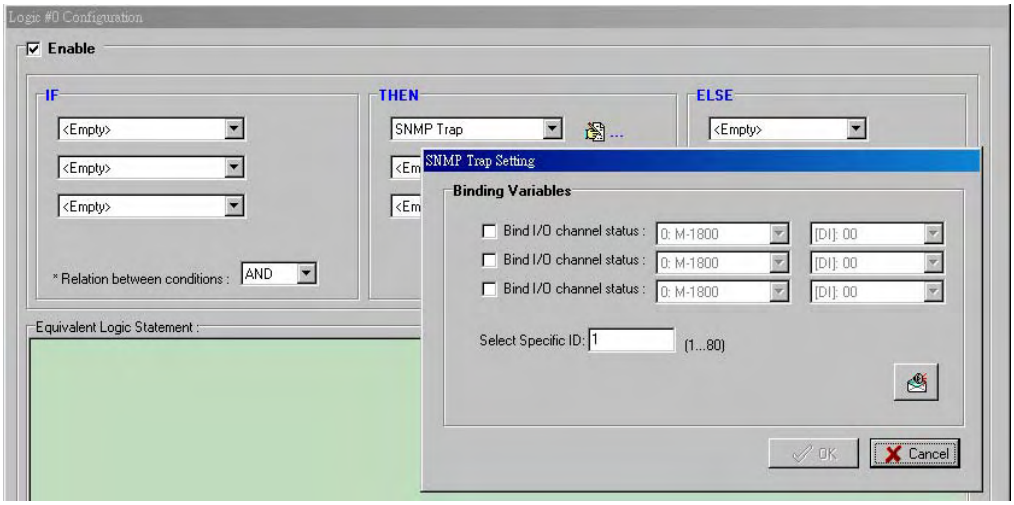
NOTE: While the "STOP" operator stops the timer and returns to "0", the "RESTART" operator clears and restarts the timer.

ATTENTION

The STOP or RESTART operator should always be used to reset or to restart the timer. Without using these operators, the Timer function can only be triggered once.

SNMP Trap

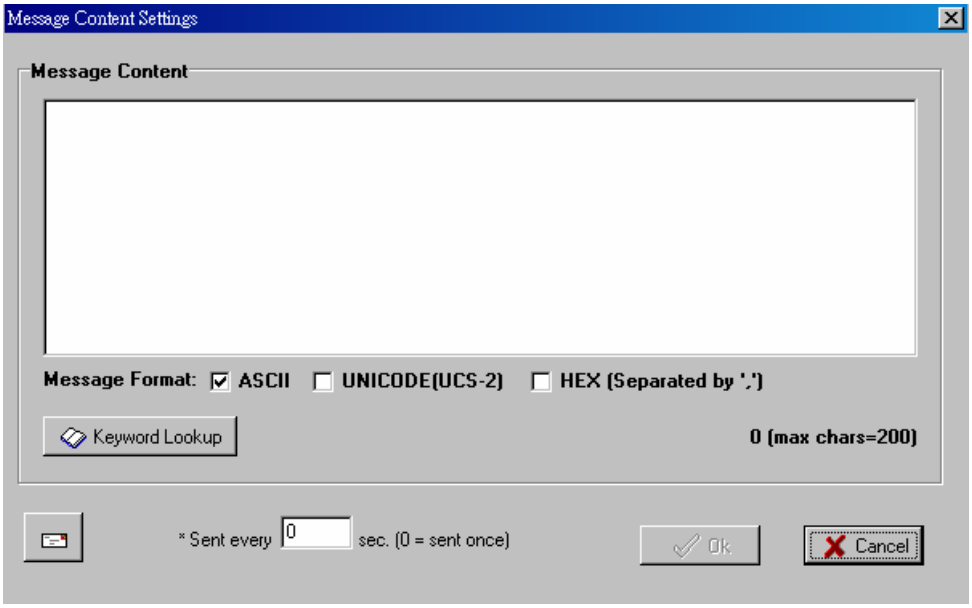
SNMP Trap function sends an SNMP trap to one or more IP destinations. You can select a trap number between 1 and 80. (You may need to consult with your network administrator to determine how trap numbers will be used and defined in your network.) Select the THEN/ELSE action for the SNMP Trap and click on the property button to enter the SNMP Trap Settings window. You can also bind the status of up to three I/O channels within each trap. Click the Set SNMP button to specify up to 10 recipients for the SNMP trap.



Active Message

In response to a proper IF condition, the Active Message function sends a customized message to one or more IP destinations by TCP or UDP packets. Select the THEN/ELSE action to Active Message and click on the property button to enter the Message Content Settings window.

Enter your desired message in the Message Content column. Dynamic fields such as time, date, IP address, and I/O status can be inserted in your message by clicking Keyword Lookup. Messages are sent in ASCII by default, but can be sent in HEX by selecting "Message Format" as "HEX (separated by ",")" checkbox or sent in Unicode by selecting "Message Format" as "UNICODE (UCS-2)" checkbox. Click the Set Active Message button to configure the default parameters such as the messaging protocol (TCP or UDP), socket port (9001 by default), and up to 10 target message servers.



Messages can be received by a program using standard sockets, Moxa MXIO library, or ioAdmin's Message Monitor.

When sending a message in HEX, each HEX value must be delimited by commas. View the incoming message in the Message Monitor tab, select Toggle HEX checkbox. Note that certain numbers are control characters that will not show up in the Message Monitor.

E-mail

The E-mail function sends a customizable e-mail to one or more mail boxes or Blackberrys. Select the THEN/ELSE action to e-mail and click on the property button to enter the Mail Settings window. After entering the subject of an e-mail, enter the message in the Mail Content area. Dynamic fields such as time, date, IP address, and I/O status can be inserted in your message by clicking Keyword Lookup.

NOTE: Content in the same logic entry can be sent by either Active Message or e-mail, in which case the content of the messages will be the same. If you would like to send an Active Message and e-mail based on the same event but with different content, you will need to use two separate logic entries, one for the Active Message and one for the e-mail.

SMTP server information including username/password, and the recipient database can be configured or by clicking the Set Mail Address button. Clicking the finger icon can move the selected address from the Recipient Database to the Recipient List. To manually add e-mail addresses to the Recipient Database, enter the Name and Mail Address and click Add. Once the address has been added to the Recipient Database, use the finger icons to move it to or from the Recipient List.

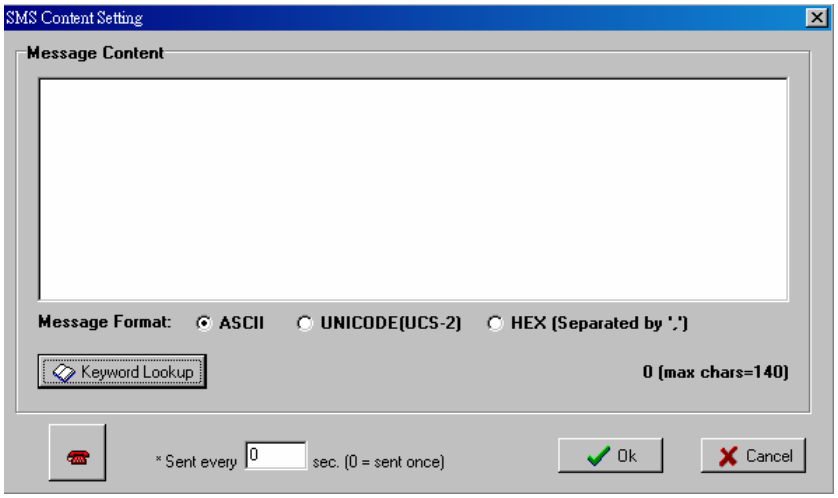
CGI Command

Not only do the ioLogik products support CGI commands, they also allow the Click&Go logic to interact with proper IF conditions and send out CGI commands to IP Video devices such as the Moxa V351 video server or VPort 25 IP camera. Support for user-defined CGI commands in the Click&Go THEN/ELSE action turns the ioLogik product into the expansion I/O controller of these video devices. For example, setting a trigger to focus and take a snapshot when there is an intrusion. Select the THEN/ELSE actions for the CGI command and click on the property button to enter the CGI Command Settings window.

NOTE: In the first address column, IP address or URL can be used to specify the target. Only the DNS and Gateway settings of the ioLogik need to be specified. Refer to the target IP video devices' user manual for detail CGI command formats.

Short Message Service (SMS)

The SMS function sends a customizable SMS to up to 5 mobile phones. Select the THEN/ELSE action to Short Message Service and click on the property button to enter the Phone setting window. After entering the subject of an SMS, enter the message in the Message Content area. Dynamic fields such as time, date, IP address, and I/O status can be inserted in your message by clicking Keyword Lookup



Working with Click&Go Rulesets

Activating the Ruleset

Download, Restart and Run

In the Click&Go tab, the rules that are displayed in the Click&Go Logic tab comprise the current ruleset, which acts as the brain of your ioLogik system. The ruleset must be activated for the ioLogik to commence local control operation as follows:

1. The ruleset must first be downloaded from Modular ioAdmin to the ioLogik. To download the ruleset, click Download from the Ruleset Management bar.
2. After the ruleset has been downloaded, Modular ioAdmin will prompt to restart the ioLogik automatically after clicking "yes" to confirm. Do not use the reset button, as that will load all factory defaults and erase your ruleset from memory.

3. After the ioLogik has been restarted, the ruleset must be activated. After logging into Modular ioAdmin as an administrator, go to the Click&Go Logic tab and click Run in the Ruleset Management bar. The rules in the ruleset will now be active.

   When the ruleset has been activated, it will remain active even when the ioLogik is disconnected from the host computer or from the network. If the ioLogik is turned off, Active Ethernet I/O operation will resume when it is turned back on. This allows you to use the ioLogik I/O for PC-independent automation.

Ruleset Management Bar

In the Click&Go tab, when the ruleset has been activated, it will remain active even when the ioLogik is disconnected from the host computer or from the network. If the ioLogik is turned off, Active Ethernet I/O operation will resume when it is turned back on. This allows you to use the ioLogik E2000 for PC-independent automation.

- **Clear:** This erases the ruleset in both Modular ioAdmin and the ioLogik I/O series.
- **Retrieve:** This copies the ruleset from the ioLogik I/O series into Modular ioAdmin.
- **Download:** This copies the ruleset from Modular ioAdmin onto the ioLogik I/O series.
- **Run:** This activates the ruleset that the ioLogik booted up with.
- **Stop:** This de-activates the Click&Go ruleset and returns the ioLogik to normal, passive operation.

Ruleset Import/Export

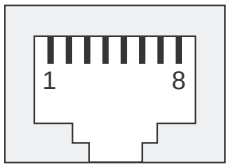
Although rulesets alone cannot be imported and exported, the entire system configuration including the current ruleset can be imported and exported. As you make changes to a ruleset, you can export the system configuration in order to save that ruleset.

A

Pinouts and Cable Wiring

Port Pinout Diagrams

Ethernet Port Pinouts

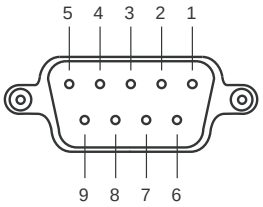


Pin	Signal
1	Tx+
2	Tx-
3	Rx+
6	Rx-

Serial Port Pinouts

RS-232 Network Adaptor Pin Assignment.

Pin	RS-232 Signal
1	DCD (in)
2	RxD (in)
3	TxD (out)
4	DTR (out)
5	GND
6	DSR (in)
7	RTS (out)
8	CTS (in)
9	---



B

Using Modbus/TCP

ioLogik E4200 Modbus map has three categories:

a. IO image map: for all input and output channels which installed in the system.

b. Module configuration map: for all settings of each module.

c. System configuration map: for all settings about the whole I/O system.

The address of System Configuration Map

3xxxx Read only Registers (Support function 4)

System information			
Reference	**Address**	**Data Type**	**Description**
324577	0x6000	1 word	Reserved
324578	0x6001	1 word	Unit ID (Ethernet=1)
324579	0x6002	1 word	Product Code=**0x4200**
324580	0x6003 ~ 0x6016	20 word	Reserved
324600	0x6017 ~ 0x602A	20 word	Product name string="**E4200 Active Ethernet Network Adapter**"
324620	0x602B ~ 0x602C	2 word	Product serial number (decimal)
324622	0x602D ~ 0x602E	2 word	Firmware revision: Word 0 Hi byte = major (A) Word 0 Lo byte = minor (B) Word 1 Hi byte = release (C) Word 1 Lo byte = build (D) format is A.B.C.D
324624	0x602F ~ 0x6030	2 word	Firmware release date High word = 0x2006 Low word = 0x1101 firmware release date is Nov. 1, 2006
324626	0x6031	1 word	Number of TCP connected
324627	0x6032	1 word	Ethernet Interface-0 speed, 0x10(10Mbps) or 0x100(100Mbps)

324628	0x6033	1 word	Ethernet Interface-1 speed, 0x10(10Mbps) or 0x100(100Mbps)
324629	0x6034	3 word	Ethernet Interface-0 MAC
324632	0x6037	3 word	Ethernet Interface-1 MAC
324635	0x603A	1 word	Reserved
324636	0x603B	1 word	Reserved
324637	0x603C	1 word	Reserved
324638	0x603D ~ 0x603E	2 word	System Elapsed Time (in sec)
324640	0x603F	1 word	Modbus/RTU Unit ID=1
324641	0x6040 ~ 0x6041	2 word	Reserved
324643	0x6042	1 word	Reserved
324644	0x6043~0x6062	32 word	Reserved
324676	0x6063	1 word	Reserved
324677	0x6064	1 word	Number of attached modules
324678	0x6065	1 word	Reserved
324679	0x6066	1 word	Reserved
324680	0x6067	1 word	LEDs status Low-byte:SYS-LED High-byte:IO-LED bit0:OFF→0x01 bit1:Green→0x02 bit2:Red→0x04 bit3:Flashing Green→0x08 bit4:Flashing Red→0x10 bit5:Green&Read→0x20(reserved)
324681	0x6068	1 word	Reserved
324682	0x6069	1 word	GSM modem error code: 0:OK 1:No SIM 2:Error PIN 3:Not connected 4:Can't register to GSM 5:don't care 6:Init modem error
324683	0x606A	1 word	GSM RSSI 99:Invalid 0~12:Low 13~20:Average >20:Good

324684	0x606B	1 word	Reserved
324685	0x606C~0x607C	16 word	Moxa code of each attached module: Address 0x606C:Slot0 Address 0x606D:Slot1 Address 0x606E:Slot2 …… Address 0x607C:Slot15
324681	0x6086~0x612E	144 word	Reserved
324903	0x6146	1 word	Modbus working addressing mode: 0:Fixed mode 1:Dynamic mode

4xxxx Read/Write Registers (Support function 3, 6, 16)

System information			
Reference	**Address**	**Data Type**	**Description**
424577	0x6000 ~ 0x6001	2 word	LAN-0 IP address (need reboot) Word 0 Hi byte = 192 (0xC0) Word 0 Lo byte = 168 (0xA8) Word 1 Hi byte = 15 (0x0F) Word 1 Lo byte = 1 (0x01) IP address is "192.168.15.1"
424579	0x6002 ~ 0x6003	2 word	LAN-1 IP address (need reboot) Word 0 Hi byte = 192 (0xC0) Word 0 Lo byte = 168 (0xA8) Word 1 Hi byte = 14 (0x0E) Word 1 Lo byte = 2 (0x02) IP address is "192.168.14.2"
424581	0x6004 ~ 0x6005	2 word	LAN-0 Subnet mask (need reboot) Word 0 Hi byte = 255 Word 0 Lo byte = 255 Word 1 Hi byte = 255 Word 1 Lo byte = 0 Subnet mask is "255.255.255.0"
424583	0x6006 ~ 0x6007	2 word	LAN-1 Subnet mask (need reboot) Word 0 Hi byte = 255 Word 0 Lo byte = 255 Word 1 Hi byte = 255 Word 1 Lo byte = 0 Subnet mask is "255.255.255.0"
424585	0x6008 ~ 0x6009	2 word	LAN-0 Geteway (need reboot)

			Word 0 Hi byte = 192 Word 0 Lo byte = 168 Word 1 Hi byte = 15 Word 1 Lo byte = 1 Geteway is "192.168.15.1"
424587	0x600A ~ 0x600B	2 word	LAN-1 Geteway (need reboot) Word 0 Hi byte = 192 Word 0 Lo byte = 168 Word 1 Hi byte = 15 Word 1 Lo byte = 1 Geteway is "192.168.15.1"
424589	0x600C	1 word	LAN-0 IP Acquisition mode
424590	0x600D	1 word	LAN-1 IP Acquisition mode
424591	0x600E~0x6011	4 word	DNS Server 1/ Server 2 IP Address Word 0 Hi byte = 192 Word 0 Lo byte = 168 Word 1 Hi byte = 15 Word 1 Lo byte = 1 Word 2 Hi byte = 192 Word 2 Lo byte = 168 Word 3 Hi byte = 15 Word 3 Lo byte = 2 DNS Server 1 IP Address is "192.168.15.1" DNS Server 2 IP Address is "192.168.15.2"
424595	0x6012	1 word	Timeout for idle TCP/IP connection In sec
424596	0x6013 ~ 0x6018	6 word	System Local Time: Word 0= Sec: 00-59 Word 1= Min: 00-59 Word 2= Hour: 00-23 Word 3= Day: 01-31 Word 4= Month: 01-12 Word 5= Year: 2000-2099
424602	0x6019	1 word	System Local Time zone (1 ~ 63), refer to appendix time zone code.
424603	0x601A~0x601F	6 word	Reserved
424609	0x6020	1 word	Enable/disable web access Enable=1, disable=0
424610	0x6021~0x6034	20 word	Reserved
424630	0x6035	5 word	Reserved

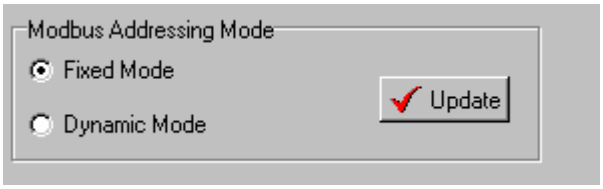
424635	0x603A	1 word	Host connection loss Time Out value (enter safe state)
424636	0x603B	1 word	Host connection loss Time Out flag (enter safe state)
424637	0x603C	1 word	SNMP Enable
424638	0x603D~0x6046	10 word	SNMP community
424648	0x6047 ~ 0x605A	20 word	SNMP Contact
424669	0x605C ~ 0x606F	20 word	SNMP Location
424690	0x6071	1 word	Reserved
424691	0x6072 ~ 0x607B	10 word	Reserved
424701	0x607C ~ 0x608F	20 word	Reserved
424721	0x6090 ~ 0x60A3	20 word	IP Allow Mask List
424741	0x60A4 ~ 0x60A5	2 word	System Time Server Address Word 0 Hi byte = 192 Word 0 Lo byte = 168 Word 1 Hi byte = 15 Word 1 Lo byte = 1 Time Server Address is "192.168.15.1"
424761	0x60B8~0x60CB	20 word	Log server
424781	0x60CC	1 word	Log server port
424782	0x60CD~0x60EA	30 word	Adapter location
424812	0x60EB~0x6108	30 word	Adapter name
424842	0x6109	1 word	Reserved
424843	0x610A	1 word	Modbus addressing mode 0:Fixed mode 1:Dynamic mode
424844	0x610B~0x611A	16 word	Reserved
424860	0x611B	1 word	Reserved
424861	0x611C~0x611D	2 word	Reserved
424863	0x611E	1 word	Reserved
424864	0x611F	1 word	Reserved
424865	0x6120~0x6184	101 word	Reserved
424966	0x6185~0x6194	16 word	Reserved
432769	0x8000	1 word	Reserved
432850	0x8051~0x8058	8 word	Logic & Go Name

The addressing of I/O image Map

Modular ioAdmin allocated the I/O channels by four groups.

1. DI: Modbus input coil map (read-only)
2. DO: Modbus coil map (readable/writable)
3. AI: Modbus input register map (read-only)
4. AO: Modbus holding register map (readable/writable)

And it also provides two ways to arrange I/O image Map. You can set the option in the Adaptor Settings Tab.



1. Fixed mode (Default): Every slot has its own memory bank. It is easy way to understand, but has lower efficiency due to large memory size.
2. Dynamic mode: Modular ioAdmin will try to put the same type input/output channels together in order to reduce memory size and higher efficiency.

Fixed mode (default mode):

According to each I/O module's sequence on the I/O system, Modular ioAdmin allocates 512 memory address sizes. In other words, slot 0 will start from 0x0000 to 0x01FF and slot 1 will start from 0x0200 to 0x03FF. For example, if M-3402 is in the position 5 (6th slot), then

Channel-0: (0x0200 * 5 + 0) = 0x0A00 (input register map)

Channel-1: (0x0200 * 5 + 1) = 0x0A01 (input register map)

Channel-2: (0x0200 * 5 + 2) = 0x0A02 (input register map)

Channel-3: (0x0200 * 5 + 3) = 0x0A03 (input register map)

If M-4202 is in the position 0 (1st slot), then

Channel-0: (0x0200 * 0 + 0) = 0x0000 (holding register map)

Channel-1: (0x0200 * 0 + 1) = 0x0001 (holding register map)

Dynamic mode:

To improve the fragment memory size and get higher efficiency performance, dynamic mode will make Modular ioAdmin put the same I/O types together without memory holes. If you have developed your own program, you can use it to continually retrieve I/O status. The starting memory address is 0x0000. For example, **if M-2800 (8 channel DO) is in the position 0 (1st slot), then**

Channel-0: 0x0000 (coil map)
Channel-1: 0x0001 (coil map)
Channel-8: 0x0007 (coil map)

If 1st M-3402 (4 channel AI) is in the position 2 (3rd slot), then

Channel-0: 0x0000 (input register map)
Channel-1: 0x0001 (input register map)
Channel-2: 0x0002 (input register map)
Channel-3: 0x0003 (input register map)

If 2nd M-3402 (4 channel AI) is in the position 4 (5th slot), then

Channel-0: 0x0004 (input register map)
Channel-1: 0x0005 (input register map)
Channel-2: 0x0006 (input register map)
Channel-3: 0x0007 (input register map)

If M-2801 (8 channel DO) is in the position 3 (4th slot), then

Channel-0: 0x0008 (coil map)
Channel-1: 0x0009 (coil map)
Channel-2: 0x000A (coil map)
Channel-3: 0x000B (coil map)
Channel-4: 0x000C (coil map)
Channel-5: 0x000D (coil map)
Channel-6: 0x000E (coil map)
Channel-7: 0x000F (coil map)

Module Configuration Map

The module configuration map is defined by Fixed mode starting from 0x3000. Each module occupies a 0x200 (512) address. For example:

a. If there is one module in position 0 (1st Slot), its module configuration address is from (0x3000+0x200*0) = 12288

b. If there is one module in position 1 (2nd Slot), its module configuration address is from (0x3000+0x200*1) = 12800

c. If there is one module in position 2 (3rd Slot), its module configuration address is from (0x3000+0x200*2) = 13312

DO Module Configuration Map:

N stands for channel quantity

Input register map(R)

Addrss offset	Access	Word	Description
0x0000	Read-only	1	Moxa code, (If M-2801, the value is 0x2801)
0x0001~0x0002	Read-only	2	Reserved
0x0003	Read-only	1	Number of channels
0x0004	Read-only	1	Channel occupied list. (bit-wise)
0x0005	Read-only	1	Firmware version

Holding register map (R/W)

Addrss offset	Access	Word	Description
0x0000~8N-1	R/W	N*8	Channel alias name (Alias Name is 8 word)
8N~16N-1	R/W	N*8	Alias for ON status (Alias Name is 8 word)
16N~24N-1	R/W	N*8	Alias for OFF status (Alias Name is 8 word)

Coil map (R/W)

Addrss offset	Access	Bit	Description
0x0000~N-1	R/W	N	Safe mode action (0:fault value, 1:hold last state)
N~2N-1	R/W	N	Fault value
2N~3N-1	R/W	N	Power-on status

DI Module Configuration Map:

N stands for channel quantity

Input register map(R)

Addrss offset	Access	Word	Description
0x0000	Read-only	1	Moxa code, (If M-2801, the value is 0x2801)
0x0001 to 0x0002	Read-only	2	Reserved
0x0003	Read-only	1	Number of channels
0x0004	Read-only	1	Channel occupied list. (bit-wise)
0x0005	Read-only	1	Firmware version

Holding register map(R/W)

Addrss offset	Access	Word	Description
0x0000 to 8N-1	R/W	N*8	Channel alias name (Alias Name is 8 word)
8N to 16N-1	R/W	N*8	Alias for ON status (Alias Name is 8 word)
16N to 24N-1	R/W	N*8	Alias for OFF status (Alias Name is 8 word)

AO Module Configuration Map:

N is stand for channel quantity

Input register map(R)

Addrss offset	Access	Word	Description
0x0000	Read-only	1	Moxa code, (If M-2801, the value is 0x2801)
0x0001 to 0x0002	Read-only	2	Reserved
0x0003	Read-only	1	Number of channels
0x0004	Read-only	1	Channel occupied list. (bit-wise)
0x0005	Read-only	1	Firmware version

Holding register map(R/W)

Addrss offset	Access	Word	Description
0x0000 to 8N-1	R/W	N*8	Channel alias name (Alias Name is 8 word)
8N to 9N-1	R/W	N	Fault action (Each channel 1 word)
9N to 10N-1	R/W	N	00:fault value, 01:hold last value
10N to 11N-1	R/W	N	10:low limit, 11:high limit

AI Module Configuration Map:

N is stand for channel quantity

Input register map(R)

Addrss offset	Access	Word	Description
0x0000	Read-only	1	Moxa code, (If M-2801, the value is 0x2801)
0x0001~0x0002	Read-only	2	Reserved
0x0003	Read-only	1	Number of channels
0x0004	Read-only	1	Channel occupied list. (bit-wise)
0x0005	Read-only	1	Firmware version

Holding register map(R/W)

Addrss offset	Access	Word	Description
0x0000~8N-1	R/W	N*8	Channel alias name (Alias Name is 8 word)
8N~16N-1	R/W	N*8	Reserved

TC Module Configuration Map:

N is stand for channel quantity

Input register map(R)

Addrss offset	Access	Word	Description
0x0000	Read-only	1	Moxa code, (If M-2801, the value is 0x2801)
0x0001~0x0002	Read-only	2	Reserved
0x0003	Read-only	1	Number of channels
0x0004	Read-only	1	Channel occupied list. (bit-wise)
0x0005	Read-only	1	Firmware version
0x0006	Read-only	1	CJC value

Holding register map(R/W)

Addrss offset	Access	Word	Description
0x0000~8N-1	R/W	N*8	Channel alias name (Alias Name is 8 word)
8N~16N-1	R/W	N*8	Reserved
16N	R/W	1	Sensor type
16N+1	R/W	1	Temperature type
16N+2	R/W	1	Enable/Disable Filter (0:Normal, 1:Enchanced)
16N+3	R/W	1	Enable/Disable CJC (0:on, 1:off)
16N+4	R	1	Reserved

RTD Module Configuration Map:

N is stand for channel quantity

Input register map(R)

Addrss offset	Access	Word	Description
0x0000	Read-only	1	Moxa code, (If M-2801, the value is 0x2801)
0x0001 to 0x0002	Read-only	2	Reserved
0x0003	Read-only	1	Number of channels
0x0004	Read-only	1	Channel occupied list. (bit-wise)
0x0005	Read-only	1	Firmware version

Holding register map(R/W)

Addrss offset	Access	Word	Description
0x0000 to 8N-1	R/W	N*8	Channel alias name (Alias Name is 8 word)
8N to 16N-1	R/W	N*8	Reserved
16N	R/W	1	Sensor type
16N+1	R/W	1	Temperature type
16N+2	R/W	1	Enable/Disable Filter (0:normal, 1:enchanced)

Function 8

Sub-function	Data Field (Request)	Data Field (Response)	Description
0x0001	0x0000	Echo Request Data	Reboot
0x0001	0xFF00	Echo Request Data	Reset with Factory default

C

Used Network Port Numbers

E4200 Network Port Usage:

Port	**Type**	**Usage**
80	TCP	Web Server
502	TCP	Modbus Communication
161	TCP	SNMP
68	UDP	BOOTPC
68	UDP	DHCP
4801	UDP	Auto search
4040	TCP	ioEventLog
9001	TCP	Active Message

D

SNMP MIB File

Modular ioAdmin can export MIB file according to current module combination dynamically.

The ioLogik E4200 has built-in SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) agent software that supports SNMP traps, RFC1317 RS-232-like groups and RFC 1213 MIB-II. The following table lists the standard MIB-II groups, as well as the variable implementation for the ioLogik E4200.

RFC1213 MIB-II supported SNMP variables:

System MIB	Interfaces MIB	IP MIB	ICMP MIB
SysDescr	ifNumber	ipForwarding	IcmpInMsgs
SysObjectID	ifIndex	ipDefaultTTL	IcmpInErrors
SysUpTime	ifDescr	ipInreceives	IcmpInDestUnreachs
SysContact	ifType	ipInHdrErrors	IcmpInTimeExcds
SysName	ifMtu	ipInAddrErrors	IcmpInParmProbs
SysLocation	ifSpeed	ipForwDatagrams	IcmpInSrcQuenchs
SysServices	ifPhysAddress	ipInUnknownProtos	IcmpInRedirects
	ifAdminStatus	ipInDiscards	IcmpInEchos
	ifOperStatus	ipInDelivers	IcmpInEchoReps
	ifLastChange	ipOutRequests	IcmpInTimestamps
	ifInOctets	ipOutDiscards	IcmpTimestampReps
	ifInUcastPkts	ipOutNoRoutes	IcmpInAddrMasks
	ifInNUcastPkts	ipReasmTimeout	IcmpOutMsgs
	ifInDiscards	ipReasmReqds	IcmpOutErrors
	ifInErrors	ipReasmOKs	IcmpOutDestUnreachs

System MIB	Interfaces MIB	IP MIB	ICMP MIB
	ifInUnknownProtos	ipReasmFails	IcmpOutTimeExcds
	ifOutOctets	ipFragOKs	IcmpOutParmProbs
	ifOutUcastPkts	ipFragFails	IcmpOutSrcQuenchs
	ifOutNUcastPkts	ipFragCreates	IcmpOutRedirects
	ifOutDiscards	ipAdEntAddr	IcmpOutEchos
	ifOutErrors	ipAdEntIfIndex	IcmpOutEchoReps
	ifOutQLen	ipAdEntNetMask	IcmpOutTimestamps
	ifSpecific	ipAdEntBcastAddr	IcmpOutTimestampReps
		ipAdEntReasmMaxSize	IcmpOutAddrMasks
		ipRouteDest	IcmpOutAddrMaskReps
		ipRouteIfIndex	
		ipRouteMetric1	
		ipRouteMetric2	
		ipRouteMetric3	
		ipRouteMetric4	
		ipRouteNextHop	
		ipRouteType	
		ipRouteProto	
		ipRouteAge	
		ipRouteMask	
		ipRouteMetric5	
		ipRouteInfo	
		IpNetToMediaIfIndex	
		IpNetToMediaPhysAddress	
		IpNetToMediaNetAddress	
		IpNetToMediaType	
		IpRoutingDiscards	

UDP MIB	TCP MIB	SNMP MIB
UdpInDatagrams	tcpRtoAlgorithm	snmpInPkts
UdpNoPorts	tcpRtoMin	snmpOutPkts
UdpInErrors	tcpRtoMax	snmpInBadVersions
UdpOutDatagrams	tcpMaxConn	snmpInBadCommunityNames
UdpLocalAddress	tcpActiveOpens	snmpInBadCommunityUses
UdpLocalPort	tcpPassiveOpens	snmpInASNParseErrs
	tcpAttempFails	snmpInTooBigs
	tcpEstabResets	snmpInNoSuchNames
Address Translation MIB	tcpCurrEstab	snmpInBadValues
AtIfIndex	tcpInSegs	snmpInReadOnlys
AtPhysAddress	tcpOutSegs	snmpInGenErrs
AtNetAddress	tcpRetransSegs	snmpInTotalReqVars

Address Translation MIB	TCP MIB	SNMP MIB
AtNetAddress	tcpConnState	snmpInTotalSetVars
	tcpConnLocalAddress	snmpInGetRequests
	tcpConnLocalPort	snmpInGetNexts
	tcpConnRemAddress	snmpInSetRequests
	tcpConnRemPort	snmpInGetResponses
	tcpInErrs	snmpInTraps
	tcpOutRsts	snmpOutTooBigs
		snmpOutNoSuchNames
		snmpOutBadValues
		snmpOutGenErrs
		snmpOutGetRequests
		snmpOutGetNexts
		snmpOutSetRequests
		snmpOutGetResponses
		snmpOutTraps
		snmpEnableAuthenTraps

Private MIB File and SNMP Variables

Moxa also provides an SNMP for the I/O MIB file to help you monitor I/O status with SNMP software. You can find the MIB file on the Document and Software CD.

Moxa Modular IO MIB		
moduleName0	moduleName1	moduleName2
ioType0	ioType1	ioType2
numberOfChannels0	numberOfChannels1	numberOfChannels2
ioRange0	ioRange1	ioRange2
temperatureType0	temperatureType1	temperatureType2
sensorType0	sensorType1	sensorType2
cjcSwitch0	cjcSwitch1	cjcSwitch2
output-0-index	output-1-index	output-2-index
output-0-status	output-1-status	output-2-status
output-0-power-on-status	output-1-power-on-status	output-2-power-on-status
output-0-safe-action	output-1-safe-action	output-2-safe-action
output-0-fault-value	output-1-fault-value	output-2-fault-value
input-0-index	input-1-index	input-2-index
input-0-status	input-1-status	input-2-status

moduleName3	moduleName4	moduleName5
ioType3	ioType4	ioType5
numberOfChannels3	numberOfChannels4	numberOfChannels5
ioRange3	ioRange4	ioRange5
temperatureType3	temperatureType4	temperatureType5
sensorType3	sensorType4	sensorType5
cjcSwitch3	cjcSwitch4	cjcSwitch5
output-3-index	output-4-index	output-5-index
output-3-status	output-4-status	output-5-status
output-3-power-on-status	output-4-power-on-status	output-5-power-on-status
output-3-safe-action	output-4-safe-action	output-5-safe-action
output-3-fault-value	output-4-fault-value	output-5-fault-value
input-3-index	input-4-index	input-5-index
input-3-status	input-4-status	input-5-status

moduleName6	moduleName7	moduleName8
ioType6	ioType7	ioType8
numberOfChannels6	numberOfChannels7	numberOfChannels8
ioRange6	ioRange7	ioRange8
temperatureType6	temperatureType7	temperatureType8
sensorType6	sensorType7	sensorType8
cjcSwitch6	cjcSwitch7	cjcSwitch8
output-6-index	output-7-index	output-8-index
output-6-status	output-7-status	output-8-status
output-6-power-on-status	output-7-power-on-status	output-8-power-on-status
output-6-safe-action	output-7-safe-action	output-8-safe-action
output-6-fault-value	output-7-fault-value	output-8-fault-value
input-6-index	input-7-index	input-8-index
input-6-status	input-7-status	input-8-status

moduleName9	moduleName10	moduleName11
ioType9	ioType10	ioType11
numberOfChannels9	numberOfChannels10	numberOfChannels11
ioRange9	ioRange10	ioRange11
temperatureType9	temperatureType10	temperatureType11
sensorType9	sensorType10	sensorType11
cjcSwitch9	cjcSwitch10	cjcSwitch11
output-9-index	output-10-index	output-11-index
output-9-status	output-10-status	output-11-status
output-9-power-on-status	output-10-power-on-status	output-11-power-on-status
output-9-safe-action	output-10-safe-action	output-11-safe-action
output-9-fault-value	output-10-fault-value	output-11-fault-value
input-9-index	input-10-index	input-11-index
input-9-status	input-10-status	input-11-status

moduleName12	moduleName13	moduleName14
ioType12	ioType13	ioType14
numberOfChannels12	numberOfChannels13	numberOfChannels14
ioRange12	ioRange13	ioRange14
temperatureType12	temperatureType13	temperatureType14
sensorType12	sensorType13	sensorType14
cjcSwitch12	cjcSwitch13	cjcSwitch14
output-12-index	output-13-index	output-14-index
output-12-status	output-13-status	output-14-status
output-12-power-on-status	output-13-power-on-status	output-14-power-on-status
output-12-safe-action	output-13-safe-action	output-14-safe-action
output-12-fault-value	output-13-fault-value	output-14-fault-value
input-12-index	input-13-index	input-14-index
input-12-status	input-13-status	input-14-status

moduleName15		
ioType15		
numberOfChannels15		
ioRange15		
temperatureType15		
sensorType15		
cjcSwitch15		
output-15-index		
output-15-status		
output-15-power-on-status		
output-15-safe-action		
output-15-fault-value		
input-15-index		
input-15-status		

E

Factory Default Settings

The ioLogik E4200 is configured with the following default private IP addresses:

LAN-0 Default IP address:	192.168.127.254
LAN-0 Default Netmask:	255.255.255.0
LAN-0 Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0 (None)
LAN-1 Default IP address:	192.168.126.254
LAN-1 Default Netmask:	255.255.255.0
LAN-1 Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0 (None)
IP Filter:	Disable
Time Zone :	23 (Greenwich)
Time server:	None
Communication watchdog	Disable
Watchdog Timeout:	60 secs
Password:	empty
Module Name:	empty
Module Location:	empty
Web Console:	Enable
SNMP:	Enable
Read Community:	“public”
Write Community:	“private”
Contact:	empty
Location:	empty

Modbus Addressing Mode:	Fixed mode
Click&Go Power-on Status:	Stop
DO Power-on Status:	Off
AO Power-on Status:	0x0000
TC Power-on sensor type:	K-Type
TC Power-on CJC:	Enable
RTD Power-on sensor type:	PT100
TC/RTD Power-on Temperature Type:	Celsius
DO Safe Action:	Fault value
DO Fault value:	Off
AO Safe Action:	Fault value
AO Fault value:	0x0000

Alias name of DO:	"DO"
Alias name of DI:	"DI"
Alias name of AO:	"AO"
Alias name of AI:	"AI"
Alias name of TC:	"TC"
Alias name of RTD:	"RTD"

F

FCC

FCC Statement

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

FCC Warning!

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

ATTENTION

Installation and Cabling Precautions
Check the rated voltage and current for the products before wiring.
Use the rated power supply and specified cables. Using the wrong power supply could cause a fire.
Cabling should be done by a certified electrician according to the Electricity Engineering Regulations.
Improper cabling could cause a fire, or electric shock.
Operating Precautions
Do not touch the terminal when the power is on to avoid electric shock
Do not assemble the product when the power is on.
Do not modify the wiring while operating the product.
Pay attention to the power linkage procedure. An incorrect process flow could lead to mechanical damage or other hazards.